20 CENTS A WEEK will insure the delivery of The Daily Colonist at your door every morning

The Daily Colonist.

KEEP YOUR EYE ON KASLO!

VOL. LXXV.—NO. 86. VICTORIA BRITISH COLUMBIA FRIDAY MARCH 20, 1896 THIRTY-EIGHTH YEAR.

New Goods New Goods

—AT—

Challoner & Mitchell's,

Jewellers, 47 Government Street,

Silver Button Hooks, Silver Hat Name Plates,
Silver Manicure Sets, Silver Key Tags,
Silver Bicycle Name Plates, Silver Baggage Tags.

New Goods New Goods

HAVANA CIGARS.

"El Triunfo" { Non Plus Ultra, Aromaticos, Puritanos, Selectos, Conchas Finas, Conchas Especials, Princess,

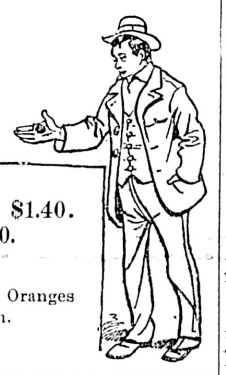
And Extra High Grade HIGH LIFE and ALBUS.

"Partagas" { Non Plus Ultra, Londres Flor Finas, Democrates, Conchas Finas, Londres Superior.

Hudson's Bay Co.

Reduced to His Last

"X Rays are a Fifth Force" Edison believes. But it is force of habit that causes you to think of us when you wish to save money. You do not need these rays to see through our prices, and if you do not take advantage of them you will soon be "reduced to the last cent."



A few of our X Ray Prices:

Pratt's Astral Oil (not re-filled $1.40.
19 lbs. Sugar (Granulated) $1.00.
California Roll Butter, 45c.

Another shipment of extra large Navel Oranges from our own orchard, only 30c. per dozen.

DIXI H. ROSS.

THE LATEST STYLES

—IN—

GEO. E. KEITH'S FINE AMERICAN

FOOTWEAR

JUST OPENED.

RUSSIA CALF, ENAMO CALF, PATENT CALF. 4 Shades.

Call early and make selections while sizes and widths are complete.

Gilmore & McCandless,

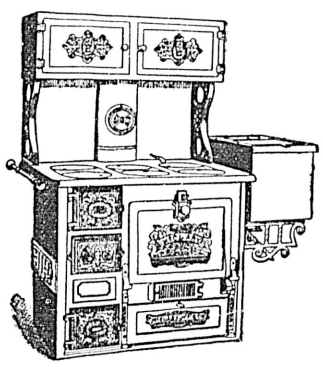
35 and 37 Johnson Street.

CLARKE & PEARSON

17 YATES STREET, VICTORIA, B.C.,

SOLE AGENTS FOR

McCLARY'S Steel-Plate RANGES



For Finish, Durability, Fuel Saving and Perfect Work } THIS RANGE HAS NO EQUAL

An Inspection Invited.

Equal to the Best Swiss Milks.

IT IS THE EXCELLENT QUALITY OF THE GRASS, PECULIAR TO A CERTAIN SECTION OF NOVA SCOTIA THAT MAKES THIS MILK SO RICH AND GOOD. - - - - - - - -

The Truro Condensed Milk & Canning Co., Ld.

TO RENT—Terms moderate—Apply to E. Baynes Reed, 42 Fort street. Those convenient premises corner Douglas and Fort streets lately occupied by Dr. Hasel; especially adapted for a medical man. Two houses on Fort street, Nos. 132, 134: house on Caledonia avenue, No. 10. feiltf

PRIVATE LODGINGS, London, England, for married or single ladies; handsome establishment; fashionable quarter; convenient to busses, etc.; chaperons furnished for single ladies; unexceptional references. E.P., Colonist office. mr1-6teod

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FRESH EGGS—If you want fresh eggs keep laying hens; we have them; carrots, 50c sack. Sylvester Feed Co. Ltd., City Market

TO RENT—Suitable cottage for two persons on Franklin street; 10 minutes from Post Office. Apply 53 Wharf street. mr20-1t

THE social dances given in Bertram Hall on Saturday evenings are cancelled and invitation dances given instead; class nights Monday instead of Tuesday. mr20-1t

COATMAKER WANTED for Leiser & Hamburger, Wellington. Apply to Simon Leiser, No. 1 Yates street, Victoria. mr20

TO RENT—Nicely furnished house on Fort street, near Cook, 7 rooms, kitchen and bathroom, for few months from May. Apply Arthur Robertson, 6 Bastion Square. mr18-tf

COAL FOR SALE—Best household Wellington at lowest market rates. Delivered to all parts of the city; full weight guaranteed; white labor only employed. Munn, Holland & Co., Broad street, (opposite Driard). Yard foot of Johnson street. fe29

Our Label

On your Prescription is a guarantee that it has been accurately prepared from pure materials with the highest pharmaceutical skill.

JOHN COCHRANE, Prescription Druggist, N.W. corner of Yates and Douglas Streets. Gold Medallist Ontario College Pharmacy.

AUCTION

MORTGAGEE'S SALE.

On Friday, March 20, 1896, at 12 Noon,

Real Estate

Corner Government and Bastion Streets.

The sale of Lot 1595, on the north west corner of Government and Bastion streets, Victoria City, now occupied by the Bank of Montreal, and advertised to be sold on Thursday, March 19th, 1896, at 12 noon is postponed until the above date, by request of the Mortgagor's Solicitor. On the above property is erected a fine two story brick building, which is rented at $200 per month and upwards. For terms and conditions of sale apply to McPhillips, Wootton & Barnard, Board of Trade Building, Bastion street, Solicitors for the Mortgagees, or to

G. BYRNES, Auctioneer.

mr20

PROVINCIAL SECRETARY'S OFFICE.

HIS HONOUR the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to make the following appointments:—

16th March, 1896.

WALTER B. ANDERSON, Esquire, to be Government Agent at Comox, Assistant Commissioner of Lands and Works, Registrar under the "Births, Deaths, and Marriages Act," and Registrar under the "Marriage Act," within and for the Comox Electoral District, *vice* SAMUEL CREECH, Esquire.

17th March, 1896.

R. T. WILSON HERALD, Esquire, M.D., to be Resident Physician at the 150 Mile House, *vice* HUGH WATT, Esquire, M.D., resigned.

R. T. WILSON HERALD, Esquire, M.D., to be a Coroner within and for the County of Cariboo.

DAVID ROBSON, Esquire, to be Government Agent at New Westminster, Assistant Commissioner of Lands and Works, Collector of Revenue, and Mining Recorder for the Westminster, New Westminster City, and Vancouver City Electoral Districts, and Collector of Votes for the New Westminster City and Westminster Electoral Districts, excepting the Riding of Chilliwhack. mr20-1td&sw2t

NOTICE.

COURTS of Assize and Nisi Prius, and of Oyer and Terminer and General Gaol Delivery, will be holden at the places and on the dates following, viz:—

Town of Nelson, on Monday, the 15th day of June, 1896.

Town of Donald, on Monday, the 22nd day of June, 1896.

By Command.
JAMES BAKER,
Provincial Secretary.

Provincial Secretary's Office,
13th March, 1896. mr20 1m

POOLEY'S RANCH

Pike Lake Road, Parsons' Bridge.

H. Cuthbert & Co., Auctioneers

AUCTION SALE OF FARM STOCK

on above Ranch on

This Day at 2 p.m.

including 3 capital work horses, black colt rising 4, broken to saddle and harness, farm wagon, plow, harrows, double set of harness, Buckeye mower, block and tackle, 1¼ in. rope, chest of carpenters' tools, 2 crosss-cut saws, 34 chickens, 1½ tons hay, steelyards, double shot gun, rifle, incubator, blacksmiths' and other tools, No. 8 cook stove, and household furniture. mr12-d&w

BEAUTIFUL LOTS

IN THE ORIGINAL OAK BAY TOWNSITE,

will be placed on the market by us on Monday If you want a fine, cheap suburban lot wait. Particulars to-morrow.

mr19 CUTHBERT & CO.

EUROPEAN OUTLOOK.

The Quadruple Alliance Believed to Be an Accomplished Fact.

Solidification of the Dreibund—Confidence Restored in Italy—Salisbury Well Satisfied.

LONDON, March 19.—The first lord of the treasury, Rt. Hon. A. J. Balfour, announced in the House of Commons that favorable replies had been received from Austria, Germany and Italy, in regard to the proposed British-Egyptian expedition up the Nile, and agreeing to the withdrawal of £50,000 from the Egyptian surplus to defray the expenses of the expedition. Mr. Balfour added that France and Russia had not replied to Great Britain's representations on this subject.

The Marquis of Salisbury announced in the House of Lords that the British and Italian governments had no news tending to confirm the report of the evacuation of Kassala. The Premier added that the news was not credited by either government.

Replying to a question in the House of Commons, Mr. George N. Curzon said that no agreement existed between Great Britain and Italy for an alliance. But, he added, there was nothing to prevent their co-operation where their common interests were concerned.

News which is gradually leaking out lends color to the impression that the quadruple alliance, composed of Germany, Austria, Italy and Great Britain, is an accomplished fact. The phrase used by the Under Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, in the House of Commons on Monday last, referring to the Italians as "our staunch allies," appeared in every morning paper but the Times. It is now asserted that Mr. Curzon in thus describing the Italians made a slip of the tongue and revealed unintentionally a cabinet secret. It is further stated that the government is fearful of the consequences of Mr. Curzon's alleged indiscretion.

ROME, March 19.—Italia to-day, referring to the British-Egyptian advance up the Nile, says: "The Egyptian advance upon Dongola will be of great advantage to Italy. Italy, however, has been of great service to Great Britain in affording her a pretext for showing Europe that the time to speak of the evacuation of Egypt has not yet arrived."

The statement of Italia seems to contain the political situation in a nutshell. The British-Egyptian expedition up the Nile will be of decided advantage to Italy. It will check the swarming of Dervishes towards the Italian territory and may prevent the fall of Kassala. It will enable the Italian army in Africa to recover from the shock and disorder which followed the battle of Adowah, and will enable the Italians to relieve and reinforce their garrisons and thus obtain much better terms from King Menelek, should it be found in the long run advisable to bring about peace with honor.

The British advance has also solidified the Dreibund, and even if it has not cemented the quadruple alliance, which is seriously discussed here, it has strengthened the badly impaired credit of Italy and enabled her to resume her place among the powers at a time when her enemies were predicting that the Dreibund would be dissolved, that Italy would be deserted, and that the alliance of the three emperors would be the main factor in the direction of the future policy of Europe. Finally, the advance of the Anglo-Egyptian troops up the Nile has restored confidence in Italy; has strengthened the foundations of King Humbert's throne, which were rudely shaken by the Adowah disaster, and the popular outbreak which followed throughout Italy.

The full significance of the extent of rioting is only now becoming clearly apparent, thanks to the efficiency of the press censors. It is an open secret that the rioting constituted a series of clear demonstrations against King Humbert, if not against the monarchy. The troops in several instances were with difficulty restrained from joining the masses in their expression of rage and indignation at the course events had taken.

There is no doubt that the King contemplated abdicating in favor of the Crown Prince, the Prince of Naples, a really brilliant and capable man. In fact it is believed that the cabinets of Berlin, Vienna and London were sounded on this subject; that Count Goluchowski, the Austrian minister for foreign affairs, and Prince Hohenlohe, imperial chancellor of Germany, with the approval and sympathy of Emperor William, took steps to avert this most serious crisis by bringing about accord between the Dreibund and Great Britain, and the latter's military diversion up the Nile. Therefore, as Italia remarks, the advance of the British-Egyptian troops has been of great advantage to Italy.

But it is also admitted that Great Britain has won every new game of cards in the political tournament which has been in progress since the accession of Nicholas II. to the throne of Russia. It is pointed out that all danger of any serious objection, upon the part of France at least, to her indefinitely continued occupation of Egypt is rapidly vanishing beneath the influence of the Dreibund, now her open ally, and that the advance up the Nile is only probably the first move of another game which will possibly result in the conquest of the Soudan, the crushing of the Mahdists for all time to come and the annexation of an immense, and, in places, richly fertile region of Egypt, and apparently to Great Britain, which, while strengthening and enriching that country, will also increase the power of the hold which Great Britain already has over the Suez canal, that most important route to her Indian possessions.

The battle of Adowah, it is claimed, saved the Salisbury cabinet and lifted Great Britain from her position of splendid isolation into accord with the Dreibund, and possibly made her a member of the quadruple alliance. There is now not likely to be any serious talk of evacuation of Egypt. Great Britain, with her allies, has a majority of the votes in the administration of Egyptian affairs, and she will get all the money she needs, in spite of the protests of France, backed by Russia, from the Egyptian surplus for equipping the expedition. On the result of the Anglo-Egyptian expedition will depend, in all probability, a great deal of the future policy, not only of Great Britain, but her allies. Thus the preparations for war which are now being made in Egypt are watched with great interest from all the capitals of Europe.

THE REMEDIAL BILL.

How It Was Carried to Be Learned When Telegraphic Service Is Resumed.

The telegraph wires "went down" yesterday afternoon, breaking off the news on the remedial bill debate when the vote was hourly looked for. According to the understanding by which the vote was to be taken at that sitting, the house had been in session since 3 o'clock on the previous afternoon. Following those reported in yesterday's COLONIST Mr. Cockburn, of Toronto, spoke, explaining why he would vote against the bill. Mr. Bruneau spoke for and Mr. Belley against it, and then Mr. Angers, the Liberal elected a couple of months ago in Charlevoix, said he would vote for the bill in accordance with his election promises. Mr. Stubbs, the McCarthyite, and Mr. Paterson, of Brant, having spoken against action by the government, Mr. Lariviere of Manitoba followed in support of the bill, commencing about 2 p.m.

NICARAGUA REJOICING.

The Inhabitants Frenzied With Excitement Over Three Great Victories.

MANAGUA, Nicaragua, March 18.—The city of Managua is in a frenzy of excitement and rejoicing over three great victories scored by the government forces to-day over their opponents, the Leonist rebels.

The city of Matapa was taken yesterday by storm after two days of hard fighting. The capture was attended with terrible slaughter, news from the scene placing the number of killed and wounded as high as 1,000 men. Matapa is situated in the midst of high mountains in the Setenrienal department, and not very far from the frontier of Honduras. It was considered the stronghold of the rebels, and was relied upon by the insurgents to fall back upon as a last resort. The rugged character of the country in which the town is located and its almost inaccessible approaches made the assault particularly hazardous and uncertain. The town of Mora also succumbed to Zelaya's arms, with heavy rebel losses. The troops supplied by the president of Honduras to assist President Zelaya are doing active service, and are in full control down the western coast of the Occidental department. They have already occupied Viogo, a city north of Leon, and are proceeding southward. They are expected to take Chinadega almost immediately. This is, next to Leon, the largest rebel city in the republic. The old and the new towns together have a population of about 15,000 inhabitants. Chinadega is only about twenty miles north of Leon.

Managua put on gala attire to celebrate the news, and bright colors are everywhere displayed, to the sound of much cheering and drinking of healths.

WORK OF WHITECAPS.

An Old Man Tied to a Tree and Beaten so Badly That He Died.

LONDON, March 18.—J. G. Field, aged 63, died in the city hospital to-night. He had both feet frozen, and was suffering from pneumonia. On the night of March 10, he was taken from his home in Wingham by a party of Whitecaps with nothing on but his night shirt, tied to a tree and terribly beaten, which treatment caused his death. He was said to have lived in improper relations with his daughter.

THE GRAVENHURST MURDER.

Hammond Committed for Having Killed His Wife.

GRAVENHURST, March 18.—At the preliminary investigation before a bench of magistrates, which lasted until a late hour last night, Hammond was committed for trial on the charge of having murdered his wife, Katie Tough Hammond. The prisoner declined to make any statement.

Five o'clock tea kettles on wrought iron stands, a nice assortment of newest designs at Weiler Bros.' x

The World's Fair Tests showed no baking powder so pure or so great in leavening power as the Royal.

Lawn Mowers—High wheel 12, 14 and 16 inch, at R. A. Brown & Co.'s, 80 Douglas street. x

W. T. HARDAKER, AUCTIONEER

AUCTION

Under distress for rent.

Household Furniture and Effects

—ON—

This Day at 2 p.m.

At salerooms, Nos. 77, 79 and 81 Douglas street. Terms cash.

W. T. HARDAKER. Auctioneer.

WATERWORKS INQUIRY

Opening of the Investigation Into Complaints of Workmen Against the Contractors.

The Accommodations and Food Declared by Witnesses to Have Been Poor.

The investigation into the complaints made as to the treatment of the workmen by the contractors for the waterworks improvements at Beaver lake was opened last night at the city hall. Seventeen witnesses were summoned besides whom a number of spectators attended, mostly workmen and mechanics, who took considerable interest in the proceedings. The committee of investigation was composed of Ald. Macmillan, chairman, and Ald. Humphrey and Cameron. The Mayor was also present during the evening.

In opening the proceedings Ald. Macmillan read the resolution of the council under authority of which the committee was appointed "to inquire into facts alleged in a letter received by the council from W. Payne, complaining against the manner in which workmen who desire to live with their families in the city are treated by the contractors for the filter beds at Beaver lake and by the foreman." He quoted the municipal act to show that the committee had power to summon and swear witnesses, and remarked that as the investigation was in the interest of the workingmen it was to be hoped they would take enough interest in it to come and give evidence if they had any to give. As a preliminary to taking evidence he read the letter of W. Payne to the council. The complaint in it was in effect that one of the foremen swore at the men continually; that workmen who did not board at the lake were told that if they could not start work at 7 a.m. and work till 6 p.m. they would not be allowed to start until half-past nine. In fact he said men were not wanted unless they complied with the contractors' wishes and boarded at the lake.

Another letter of complaint was signed by G. White, D. Wales and W. Ferguson. It set out that White when he applied for work as a mason had been offered 33½ cents an hour, which he refused, but finally accepted 40 cents, as work was hard to get. After working from February 6 to February 17 he was told he would be discharged for men who would take 33½ cents an hour, although the current rate of wages in town was 56¼ cents an hour.

When the chairman asked where Wales and Ferguson were, he received the reply that they did not want to come unless they were paid witness fees for giving evidence. The first witness was W. Payne, who swore to his statements in the letter sent to the council.

James Willoughby, a carpenter, the next witness, said he had worked at the lake for $2.25 a day, though the usual wages for a carpenter are $3 a day. In the course of his evidence he stated that Mr. Murray told him he would have to board at the lake if he wanted to work there. The board was only good enough for hogs and the bunk house was unfit for men to live in, as the roof leaked badly. By Murray's orders he and Wm. McKenzie had helped to put a log two feet through and 10 or 12 feet long under the foundations of the centre wall between the filter beds. Murray told him to put it in and cover it up so that no one would see it. One of the foremen, "Jack the Ripper," he did not know his real name, was in the habit of swearing at the men. Board at the lake was $5 a week and he had to furnish his own bedding.

Wm. F. McKenzie, a carpenter, employed at the same wages as the last witness, corroborated the statement about the log and as to the board not being good. Though he spent his Sundays in town no deduction was made from his board bill. He received $2.25 for a day of ten hours at first but afterwards for one of nine hours. His complaint was chiefly that, though he was a carpenter, he only received a laborer's wages. He had been discharged for complaining about the food. There were two strikes among the men on account of the insufficiency of the food and its poor quality. The men went back to work again and the cook was discharged after the second strike.

D. McPhaden, another carpenter, complained that the food was bad and the sleeping accommodation also. He was charged at the rate of $5.75 for seven days board. "Jack the Ripper," he said, swore at the men continually. He and fifteen or twenty men were discharged because they did not go to work one rainy morning. They had not gone out to work because they thought it too wet. He was discharged on a Tuesday morning, and for his work on the Monday he only received 25 cents and his board. He believed that he could have got in town for $2.50 a week board equal to that furnished at the lake. He afterwards worked for the city at the lake for $2 a day as a laborer and lived in town He made more that way than when working for the contractors at $2.25. There were not many Victorians working as laborers for the contractors, and he knew of some who were refused work at the lake though they were good men.

Edward Young, another carpenter who received the same wages as the preceding witness, said he had no complaints to make. He had received as good treatment as at any job he had ever worked on. The sleeping accommodation was not good. There were not many Victorians among the laborers at the lake and he knew one or two men who had been refused work.

At this point the inquiry was adjourned until Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock.

See our window of spring goods; a nice selection of art fabrics, lace curtains, etc., at Weiler Bros.' x

NEWS OF THE PROVINCE

Defaulting Government Agent Warwick's Sentence—Story of a Photograph.

Miners' Delegation to Victoria—Sneak Thieves at Nanaimo—Mining at Trail Creek.

(Special to the COLONIST.)

VANCOUVER.

VANCOUVER, March 19.—A rather interesting story surrounds the photograph taken in Montreal with the X rays, of which Dr. McGuigan was mentioned as having received a copy a few days ago. The picture is a photograph of the calf of a man's leg showing distinctly the position of a bullet embedded in the flesh between the two bones. The victim of the shot was a man named Cumming, of Montreal, and the perpetrator of the shooting a man named Holder. Holder was sentenced to fourteen years' penal servitude, and Mr. Justice Baby in delivering his charge to the jury referred to the new photographic process. It had been of great material aid to the crown, and had revolutionized things, as it were. Cumming had been suffering great pain from going about with the ball in his leg, owing to the doctors being unable to locate it, but, on being photographed, the trouble was immediately removed, as the medical men, by the negative, were able to trace its course, locate and remove it. If it had not been for the process, it was quite possible that the young man might have lost the use of his leg.

It is freely stated that one of the most prominent Episcopalian clergymen in the city will shortly resign his charge and remove to a former field of labor in the East.

The residence of W. Frodsham was entered with a false key on Tuesday evening and $6 worth of new wall paper stolen.

WESTMINSTER.

WESTMINSTER, March 19.—To-day Charles Warwick, ex-government agent here, who pleaded guilty to the embezzlement of $9,344.74, was sentenced to four years' imprisonment.

NANAIMO.

NANAIMO, March 19.—William Jarvis, second engineer of the electric light works, and Miss Edith Harwood, eldest daughter of Mr. P. Harwood of this city, were married this morning.

A Scandinavian who wanted to get married on Monday couldn't find a clergyman in this city. The contracting parties lived at Wellington, and having purchased return tickets could not stay beyond a certain hour, and it is supposed went away disappointed.

The bark Leon sailed yesterday morning for Alaska, with the following cargo of lumber from Haslam's mill: 195,161 feet rough lumber; 576 feet clear; 300,000 shingles; 300 piles and 773 feet of spruce.

Sneak thieves broke into the dwelling houses of Messrs. Strethouse, Strickland street, and A. D. Mackenzie on Hecate street. They obtained from the former $25 in cash, watch and chain and a piece of jewelry, and from the latter a lady's gold watch and chain, gent's silver watch and chain, gold brooch, silver brooch, gold ring, $2.50 and a 20-franc gold piece.

Ralph Smith, secretary of the miners' union, Tully Boyce and Ald. A. Wilson, who went down to Victoria to interview the Attorney-General with respect to the early testing of the constitutionality of the ameandment to the coal mines regulation act, excluding Chinese from the mines, returned satisfied with the result of their interview. Hon. Mr. Eberts promised to expedite the matter as much as possible. It is expected the matter will be brought before the court in the course of the next ten days. Mr. Charles Wilson, of Vancouver, has been retained to represent the miners' union.

In the provincial police court Andrew Cameron was fined $50 for supplying an Indian woman with liquor.

The masquerade ball given in the Foresters' hall on Tuesday night under the auspices of the Wellington Colliery Band, was one of the biggest affairs of the kind in the history of the neighboring municipality. Fully 900 people were present, of whom more than 100 crowded the stage as spectators. The receipts are in the neighborhood of $400.

TRAIL CREEK.

(From the Trail Creek News.)

Nelson Bennett of Tacoma, who is building the Trail Creek Tramway, is in town looking after the progress of that road.

Up on Smelter Hill, just where the plat of the town of Trail ends, the Canadian Pacific Railway Company is surveying a townsite. It is supposed that as the C.P.R. proposes to build to Trail this year, and will make Trail its terminus for some time to come, the new townsite, or addition to Trail, will be used for terminal grounds, and the sale of lots made on that proposition.

For some time we have known that the British Columbia Iron Works Company was negotiating with Eugene Sayre Topping for a site on which to erect iron works at Trail. Now that it is settled we announce the fact that Trail has secured this enterprise, as well as a branch of the Mac Machine Works. These two enterprises will give employment to a number of workmen, and will enhance the value of property in our town.

Under the direction of Mr. Ballinger, superintendent of the Montana Ore Purchasing Company's smelter at Butte, the silica bottom was placed in No. 1 furnace of Trail's smelter on Thursday, and in No. 2 yesterday, and is being put in the big furnace to-day. No. 1 smelter was blown in yesterday, and No. 2 will be blown in to-day, and to-morrow morning the blast furnace will be blown in. The charge in furnace No. 1 was drawn at 4 p. m. yesterday, and the test was satisfactory in every respect. The company is at work on Nos. 3 and 4 furnaces, and they will be completed in about six weeks. Mr. Ballinger will remain in Trail for about three weeks and see that everything is running all right before he leaves. There will be no more trouble with the Trail furnaces, and the fires now started will not be allowed to grow cold for a long time to come.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

WATER OR RAIL SERVICE.

TO THE EDITOR:—In your issue of March 15, a communication bearing the signature of J. S. Helmcken, appears, advocating simply a Vancouver Island railway, without saying how the three millions of dollars are to be obtained!

A Vancouver Island railway is neither desirable nor necessary, experience, at all events, teaches this. If by means of the E. & N. railway, this city cannot compete with rival places at nearly equal distance, surely an extenson of this railway will not make things any better; it and the Joan holding the gates through which all must pass. An Island railway is unnecessary, because the Island being very narrow, with a central rocky and mountainous backbone, its shores shores can be approached by steamboats or sailing vessels, roads leading from the shore conveying colonists, etc. As to gaining time by travelling per railway from and to the North, considering the time now occupied by the E. & N., it is at least doubtful, and assuredly would be more expensive.

Goods and passengers can be carried more cheaply in this case by water than by land, and would be even now were there any chance of competition. As cheapness chiefly governs this business, goods to Queen Charlotte island, our own and the American possessions will go direct by steamships which can touch at any part of the coast whether of the Mainland or the Island and at convenient periods too. Indeed, it seems as though goods and passengers could be brought by steamers direct from (or to) Bute inlet more cheaply than by railway. Which then is really better—to spend annually the interest on the $3,000,000 Vancouver Island railway, or to apply it to encourage our vessels to call at various places, more frequently to benefit colonists, the settlements already existing or to be formed and the cities and villages already in existence? Monopoly and its attendant evils cannot so easily exist on free water as on a narrow strip of railroad owned by a few.

For all purposes, then, the waterway is the best, with or without government pecuniary assistance. The Sidney and Mainland scheme is a good one, as it will enable Victoria to keep the trade at our doors, which by long neglect has fallen into other hands. Of course if the E. & N. railway so choose to extend their railway at their own cost no one can or ought to prevent them; but it does seem that, although this may be a wise step in their own interests, ships are more to the interest of the public—those living on or near the coast at all events. The sooner there are more and more economical vessels, looking at near and distant trade, the better for Victoria. "The gods help those who help themselves!" Victorians must put their own shoulders to the wheel, or their wagon will sink deeper in the mire.

SHIPMAN.

Victoria March 19.

WHITEFISH EXPERIMENT.

TO THE EDITOR:—I read in your paper of the 19th inst. that Fisheries Inspector McNab has placed one and a half million of whitefish fry in Shawnigan lake. Will the inspector be good enough to tell us for what (public or private) purpose this was done. It is well known that whitefish will not take the hook, and the law prohibits the use of nets in our lakes. Now what is to become of these whitefish if they propagate? How are they to be taken? Shawnigan lake is too small a lake for such an experiment. If it should become lawful to use the net in these lakes then good-bye to our pleasure resorts for trout fishing.

FISHERMAN.

Guaranteed shaving outfits at Fox's. x

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that Messrs. Wulffsohn, Bewicke & Co., L'd, having resigned the Agency of the Moodyville Lands & Saw Mill Co., L'd, and Messrs. Robt. Ward & Co., L'd, having been appointed MANAGING AGENTS, all future business will be conducted by the said Robert Ward & Co., L'd.

(Sd) WULFFSOHN, BEWICKE & CC., L'd

ROBERT WARD & CO., L'd. mr5-1m

WANTED EARNEST MEN AND WOMEN to circulate "The Sword of Islam or Suffering Armenia," a thrilling book. Graphic account of the Eastern Question, the Turk, Armenian and Mohammedanism with its horrible massacres. Numerous startling illustrations taken on the spot. 448 pages; only $1.90. Send 60cts. for canvassing book. Agents make $15.00 to $50.00 weekly. THE BRADLEY-GARRETSON CO. Ltd., Toronto, Ontario. fe9-d&s-w-12m

THE TYE HARDWARE CO. LTD.

LATE T. H. TYE & CO.

FORMERLY MATTHEWS, RICHARDS & TYE. ESTABLISHED 1863.

A FULL LINE OF

GARDEN TOOLS

COMPRISING

Forks, Hoes, Shovels, Rakes, Spades, Turf-Edgers, Ladies' Garden Sets, Garden and Pruning Shears, &c.

FOR SALE

AT ROCK BOTTOM PRICES.

32 and 34 Yates Street.

"Slop" Work

Is Work WE NEVER DO.

We Do Artistic Lithographing, Engraving and Embossing.

The Colonist Litho. Dept.

LOST OR FOUND.

LOST—On Thursday afternoon, March 5th on or near Belcher street, a carriage rug dark blue with large white check on one side. Finder please leave at Colonist office. mr

VICTORIA STOCK EXCHANGE

—or—

British Columbia, Ltd. Lby.

Commencing at 10:30 a.m. on Wednesday, April 15th, proximo, this Board will call Stocks daily (Sundays and holidays excepted), in the Board Room, Board of Trade Building, Bastion Square, Victoria, B.C.

For further particulars apply to the undersigned.

By Order of the Board,

F. ELWORTHY,
Secretary.

mr5

Victoria College

BEACON HILL PARK,

LATE CORRIG COLLEGE.

For Boarding or Day Prospectus apply

PRINCIPAL J. W. CHURCH, M.A.

au4-d&w

MONEY TO LOAN.

Apply to Heisterman & Co., 75 Government street. fe20-1m

NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT.

Pursuant to the Provisions of the Creditors Trust Deeds Act, 1890, and Amending Act.

Notice is hereby given that Clotilde Ordano, of Cowichan Wharf, British Columbia, and Antoinette Frumento, wife of Pascal Frumento, of Cowichan, aforesaid have by deed dated and executed by them respectively, on the 17th day of March, 1896, granted and assigned to Percy Wollaston, the younger, of Victoria, British Columbia, Accountant, all their personal estate, credits, and effects which may be seized and sold under execution and all their real estate for the purpose of paying and satisfying rateably and proportionately and without preference or priority all their creditors their just debts. The said deed was executed by the said Clotilde Ordano, Antoinette Frumento and Percy Wollaston, the younger, respectfully, on the said 17th day of March, 1896.

All persons having claims against the assignors are required to forward full particulars thereof, duly verified to the undersigned on or before the 17th day of April next, and all persons indebted to the assignors are also required to pay such indebtedness to the undersigned forthwith before the last mentioned date.

Dated at Victoria, B.C., this 18th day of March, 1896.

mr19 PERCY WOLLASTON, JR.

Advertisements under the heads of Lost, Found, For Sale or To Let and Situations Wanted will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

WANTS.

TENT wanted, A or wall, 8x12; perfect order: 10 oz. C.F., this office. mr19-2t

YOUNG MAN going to England would take charge of invalid or any commission in return for passage; best of references. Address M, Colonist office. mr19-3t

EXPERIENCED servant wishes situation. Apply Young Woman's Christion Association, Johnson street. mr19-4t

WANTED—Small furnished house; rent must be reasonable. Apply L.R.D., Colonist office. mr19-2t

WANTED—A millinery trimmer at the White House. mr19-1w

WANTED—A girl as help at the Y.W.C.A. Rooms, above Shotbolt's, Johnson street. mr19-2t

WANTED—Position as visiting or resident governess; thorough instrumental and vocal music, English, French, Drawing, etc.; references. Address Miss M. Forbes, P.O., San Francisco, Cal. mr17-6t

WANTED—Apprentices to learn dress-making. Apply Miss N. Simson, 20 Broad street, Arcade Building. mr17 6t

WANTED—Furnished bedroom and sitting room, with use of kitchen, by lady with two children; James Bay preferred. Apply Box 48, City. mr8-tf

WANTED—Female cook at the White Horse Hotel, Humboldt street. T. Hincheliffe, proprietor. mr7

SITUATION WANTED—By young Ontario Solicitor, in law or mercantile office, in British Columbia; grad. 1881 Br. Am. Business Col., Toronto; six years bookkeeper in loan Co. office, and in law office; studied law 3 years in own and 2 years in Toronto; have practised law since 1890. Address O.S., this office.

TO LET OR LEASE.

TO LET—Two 5-roomed cottages on Rithet street, $13 each; 6-roomed house on Third street, $12; 8-roomed house Cadboro Bay Road, $10; small house and 5¼ acres near town, $7; 5-roomed house and 10 acres near town, $10; a good farm South Saanich, $300 per annum; 5 roomed cottage on Vining street, $5; 5-roomed house North Park street, $8; 6-roomed house Pioneer street, $12. A. W. More & Co., House Agents, 70 Douglas street.

TO LET OR FOR SALE—First-class farm of nearly 200 acres, near McPherson's station, good house, barns, orchard; considerable amount of land under cultivation; a trout stream runs through the property. Pemberton & Son. mr15-8t

TO LEASE—A 4-roomed house and lot for $5 per month. Apply to Mrs. Hallitt, 12 Market street. mr17 2w

FOR RENT—Large front room, suitable for two; every convenience; breakfast if desired. Apply 5 Queen's avenue, near Government street. de24 tf

TO LET — Comfortable housekeeping rooms, with hot and cold water bath. Apply 104 Pandora; also a furnished 15-roomed house. Apply 97 Quadra. de22-1m

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Cows, first-class milkers; also fine span mules, 16 hands. Apply John Richards, grocery store, James Bay, or E. Dunderdale, Hall & Goepel, 100 Government street. mr19-10t

FOR SALE—Handsomely upholstered box lounge, useful to anyone living in apartments or whose wardrobe accommodation is limited; spring top; bolster cushion; cheap; Address Lounge, Colonist office. mr17

COUNTRY HOTEL FOR SALE—Containing about 20 rooms, and doing a good business; price $5,000, including furniture. A. W. More & Co., Agents, 70 Douglas street.

100 Shares for sale in the "Josie Gold Mining Co." situated between the Le Roi and the War Eagle, at 40cents per share. A. W. More & Co., Brokers, 70 Douglas street.

FARM FOR SALE or exchange for city property—Near McPherson's Station, containing 160 acres, house, barn, chicken houses, and 8 acres cleared. For particulars apply to A. W. More & Co., Real Estate Agents, 70 Douglas street.

FOR SALE—Best household Coal and Wood at market prices. Apply Flint & Prosser.

TO LET

for a term of years,

PORTER'S CABINS

on Telegraph and Store Streets.

20 rooms in two separate buildings, sewered and drained.

$20 per month (net rent) will be accepted from approved tenant. Good opportunity for steady and responsible caretaker.

Apply to E. M. JOHNSON, 37 Government Street.

mr11-2w Agent for Arthur Porter.

MATERNITY (late Samaritan Home), has moved into larger premises, at 199 Johnson street. Applicants please apply at the Home, or to Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay Road, or to Mrs. Flumerfelt, Gorge Road.

BY-LAWS.

(*No. 256.*)

A BY-LAW

Authorizing the Corporation of the City of Victoria to Borrow the sum of $120,000 in anticipation of the receipt of its revenue for the year 1896.

Whereas by virtue of the "Municipal Act, 1892," and amending Acts, every Municipality may, under the conditions contained therein, borrow from any person such sum of money, not exceeding an amount equal to the total amount of taxes upon land or real property, as shown by the revised assessment roll of the Municipality for the year 1895, and bearing such rate of interest as may be requisite, to meet the current legal expenditure of the Corporation which becomes payable out of the annual revenue before the revenue for the year becomes payable by the taxpayers:

And whereas the total amount of taxes upon land and improvements or real property, as shown by the revised assessment roll of the Municipality of the City of Victoria for the year 1895, was $262,519.05:

And whereas to meet the current legal expenditure of the Corporation of the City of Victoria for the year 1896 payable out of the annual revenue before such revenue for such year becomes payable by the taxpayers, it is requisite for the said Corporation to borrow a sum of money not exceeding $120,000:

Therefore the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria enacts as follows:—

Sec. 1. It shall be lawful for the Corporation of the City of Victoria, by the Mayor and the Finance Committee thereof, to borrow upon the credit of the said Corporation from any person or persons, firm or firms, corporation or corporations, who may be willing to advance the same, the sum of $120,000 in such amounts and at such times as, subject as hereinafter provided, the same may, in the opinion of the Mayor and the Finance Committee of the Council, be required, bearing interest at a rate not exceeding five per centum per annum.

Sec. 2. The money so borrowed shall be expended in defraying the current legal expenses of the said Corporation for the year 1896, and shall, together with the interest thereon, be repayable and repaid to the lender or lenders thereof on or before the 31st day of December, 1896, out of the municipal revenue for the said year.

Sec. 3. The amount so borrowed, and interest thereon, shall be a liability of the said Corporation payable out of the municipal revenue for the current year, 1896, and the form of obligation to be given as an acknowledgment of such liability to the said lender or lenders shall be a promissory note or notes as the sums may be required, signed by the Mayor and the Finance Committee and the Clerk of the said Corporation, and bearing the seal of the said Corporation, all of which notes shall be made payable on or before the 31st of December, 1896, and a notice shall be written or printed on the back of the note to the effect that the liability of the said Corporation incurred by said promissory note or notes shall be a liability payable out of the municipal revenue for the year 1896.

Sec. 4. In the construction of this by-law the expressions "land" and "improvements" and "real property" shall have, respectively, the meanings given to them in the "Municipal Act, 1892," and amendments thereof.

Sec. 5. This by-law may be cited as the "Annual Loan By-law, 1896."

Passed the Municipal Council the 3rd day of February, 1896.

Reconsidered, adopted, and finally passed the Council the 11th day of February, 1896.

[L.S] ROBERT BEAVEN, Mayor.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.

NOTICE.

The above is a true copy of a by-law passed by the Municipal Council of the City of Victoria on the 11th day of February, A.D. 1896, and all persons are hereby required to take notice that anyone desirous of applying to have said by-law, or any part thereof, quashed, must make his application for that purpose to the Supreme Court within one month next after the publication of this by-law in the British Columbia Gazette, or he will be too late to be heard in that behalf.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C

fe14

IMPORTANT SALE.

The Victoria Electric Railway and Lighting Co., Limited.

All the property of the above Company as described below is hereby offered for sale as a going concern during the sixty days next following the insertion of this advertisement, and in case no sale thereof is made during such period notice is hereby given that in pursuance of a certain indenture dated the 6th day of September, 1894, made between The Victoria Electric Railway and Lighting Company, Limited, of the one part, and the Right Honourable William Brabazon Lindsay Toler, Earl of Norbury, William Fuller Maitland and John Horne-Payne, Q.C., as trustees for debenture-holders, of the other part, that all the property of The Victoria Electric Railway and Lighting Company, Limited, including the franchises and privileges of the Company comprised in the said indenture, will be sold by public auction at Joshua Davies' Auction Rooms, Bastion Square, in the City of Victoria, British Columbia, at the hour of twelve (12) o'clock noon, on Saturday, the 11th day of April, 1896. Terms, in case of sale by auction, 25 per cent. of purchase price on fall of hammer; balance on completion of purchase. If sold by private contract, terms are cash on completion.

The property of The Victoria Electric Railway and Lighting Company, Limited, comprises, inter alia, a fully equipped street railway service, with 13 miles of track, or thereabouts, extending throughout the City of Victoria and between that City and the Town of Esquimalt and Oak Bay, including power-plant, rolling stock and track and line material, office furniture, etc., also a fully equipped electric lighting department, with power-plant, all necessary appliances with a capacity for supplying 4,650 16 c.p. lights and 45 arc lights.

Also the following real property: Lots 1363 and 208, Victoria City, together with power house and machinery and a car house situate thereon, lots 519 and 520 in said City, together with car sheds and repair shops, and certain portions of Sections 23 and 64 Victoria District.

By its franchise the Company are empowered to construct, maintain and operate a single or double track street railway with all necessary turnouts, switches, etc., upon any streets within the City of Victoria, and throughout a large area of the surrounding district, with all necessary powers of expropriation of lands.

Conditions of sale and full particulars of the property may be obtained from Messrs. McPhillips, Wootton & Barnard, Solicitors, Board of Trade Building, Bastion Square, Victoria, B.C.

McPHILLIPS, WOOTTON & BARNARD,
Solicitors for the said William Brabazon Lindsay Toler, Earl of Norbury, William Fuller Maitland, and John Horne-Payne, Q.C.

Dated at Victoria, B.C., this 21st day of January, A.D. 1896.

The Right Reverend George Hills, D.D.,

DECEASED.

Notice is hereby given that all creditors and other persons having any claims upon the Estate of the Right Reverend George Hills, formerly Bishop of British Columbia, and lately Vicar of Parham, in the County of Suffolk, who died on the 10th day of December, 1895, and whose Will was proved in the Principal Registry of the Probate Division of Her Majesty's High Court of Justice, on the 28th January, 1896, by George Herbert Bent Meswiney and Arthur Charles Hammersley, the Executors therein named, are requested to send by post, in writing, prepaid, particulars of their claims to us, the undersigned Solicitors for the said Executors, on or before the 15th day of April, 1896 after which date the Executors will proceed to distribute the Estate among those entitled thereto, having regard only to those debts or claims of which they shall then have notice.

Dated the twenty-sixth day of February, 1896.

FLADGATE & CO.,
2 Craigs Court,
Charing Cross,
London, S.W.,
fe27-1m England.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

Bank of Montreal Building.

That valuable corner lot on Government and Bastion streets, with all the improvements thereon, occupied by the Bank of Montreal and others, together with all the bank fixtures and fittings, which consist of a complete bank outfit, besides burglar and fire-proof safe. This property has been rented for over three hundred dollars a month, and is considered to be the best locality in Victoria for a banking establishment. The price will be reasonable and the terms easy. For a good substantial investment there is no better in the Province. This is an opportunity that a capitalist seeking an investment should not lose. For particulars apply to

THOS. C. NUTTALL,
95 Quebec Street, James Bay,
fe20 1m Or address P.O. Box 12, Victoria.

PROVINCIAL SECRETARY'S OFFICE.

6th March, 1896.

HIS HONOUR the Lieutenant-Governor, under the provisions of the "Pharmacy Act, 1891," as amended by the "Pharmacy Act Amendment Act, 1895," has been pleased to appoint the following members of the Pharmaceutical Association of British Columbia, a Board of Examiners for the current year, namely:

John Cochrane, of the city of Victoria; Henry H. Watson, of the city of Vancouver, and Thomas A. Muir, of the city of New Westminster, Esquires. mr13-1w

"LAND REGISTRY ACT."

In the Matter of an Application for a Duplicate of Certificate of Title to Lots 89 and 172, in Group One Kootenay District.

Notice is hereby given that it is my intention at the expiration of one month from the date hereof to issue a Duplicate of the Certificate of Title of The Revelstoke Mining Company to the above lands, dated the 11th May, 1891, and numbered 11,929A.

Land Registry Office, Victoria, B.C., March 11th, 1896.

S. Y. WOOTTON,
mr11 Deputy Registrar-General of Titles.

NOTICE.

To : Whom : it : May : Concern

All persons are hereby notified that under and by virtue of the powers contained in a Bill of Sale by way of Chattel Mortgage, dated the 7th day of September, 1895, made between Edward Baines and Kate Wilson of the one part, and myself of the other part, I have this day seized and now hold possession of all the machinery, plant, engines, goods, chattels and personal property included in said Bill of Sale, which are now situate upon the premises in Pembroke Street, in the City of Victoria, and known as the Victoria Iron Works, default having been made by the said Baines and Wilson in certain of the payments provided for in said Bill of Sale.

Mr. E. E. Billinghurst is my bailiff in possession.

Dated this 18th day of February, A.D. 1896.

fe19 W. S. CHAMBERS.

NOTICE.

Belleville Street, between McClure Street and Birdcage Walk, is closed to public traffic.

E. A. WILMOT,
au3 City Engineer.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Parliament of Canada at its next Session, for an Act to incorporate "The Imperial Life Assurance Company of Canada," for the purpose of doing a general life insurance business.

F. H. CHRYSLER,
Ottawa, December 11th, 1895. For Applicants.
de19-9t-oaw

GOSSIP OF THE YUKON.

Birch Creek Alone Will This Season Export One Million in Bullion—High Prices Prevail.

Young Miners Fight for a Lady—The Canadian Mail Lost in the Snow.

Despite the many obstacles which its inaccessibility throws in the way of its successful development, the Yukon country appears destined to be one of the liveliest mining districts in America before the present year closes. Birch creek will be the banner creek of the season, and the assertion is based upon reason that its output alone will figure close to $1,000,000. From the amount of work done during the winter in opening up new claims and piling up gravel for spring washing from the old ones, Forty-Mile district will also double its output during 1896, while on Mastodon creek, a tributary of the Birch, in the gravel terraces which lie high up on both sides of the stream, at least a hundred feet or more above its bed, rich alluvial deposits have been found. On one of these benches is a bank of gravel six feet in depth which on being prospected gave an average of 19 cents to the pan. Many locations upon these high benches have been made, Joe Juneau, the father of Alaska's metropolis, being one of the fortunates to strike and locate several especially rich claims.

In the summer the posts are nearly depopulated by the miners taking to the hills and only coming down occasionally for supplies. Aside from that for use in quartz mining, much other machinery to be used in operating hydraulics will also be shipped in this summer.

Prices of course rule high all through the Yukon district, laborer's wages running from $7 to $10 per day. Teamsters with their teams make about $25 a day; theatre tickets—Circle city has a music hall that enjoys the distintion of being the most northern "temple of amusement" in the world—sell for $2.50; whiskey is 50 cents a glass, beer 50 cents a schooner or 25 cents a small glass; the tonsorial artists charge 50 cents for a shave or $1.00 for a haircut; and wood, cut and delivered, sells for $10 a cord. Some of the staple articles of provision, with all others in like proportion, now retail at the different posts as follows: Flour per cwt., $8.00; bacon per pound, 35 to 45 cents; beans per pound, 10 cents; dried fruits per pound, 25 to 35 cents; can fruits per can, 50 cents; canned meats per can, 50 cents; sugar per pound, 15 to 25 cents; and coal oil per quart can, $5 to $6.50.

The sawmill at Sixty Mile is kept busy to meet the demands for lumber for both building and mining purposes, dressed lumber selling at $100 per thousand, and rough at $70. It costs $30 in addition to deliver each thousand feet at Circle City. A building that costs $1,000 on the Yukon could be erected for $300 at Juneau or about $150 in Victoria. On the Sixty Mile there is plenty of timber but it is small in dimensions and of poor quality. House logs landed at Forty Mile sell at $2.50 each.

Upon his return from Puget Sound Mr. Ladue will take in machinery for a new sawmill to be established at Circle City, and also an electric light plant to light up the metropolis of the Yukon. Think of it—a city resting within the shadow of the Arctic circle, inhabited by civilized people and glorying in electric lights as well as many other conveniences of the effete East. Still it is not to be wondered at that electric lights are in demand when coal oil is quoted at $6.50 a quart and scarce at that.

There has been but little sickness on the Yukon so far this winter, and only three deaths are reported. Captain Baker of the steamer Beaver committed suicide, George Ramsay dropped dead of heart disease, and Anthony Day died from a stroke of paralysis. A duel with six-shooters was fought on Birch creek by two young miners named Montgomery and Fox, rivals in love, wherein Fox received two bullet wounds, neither of which will, however, prove fatal.

On her last trip up the river with a load of supplies the steamer P. B. Weare was frozen in at the mouth of the Porcupine river, where she still lies, stuck fast in the ice. Miners from Circle City went down to her about one hundred miles, and took the supplies back on sleighs. The steamer lies in a very dangerous position for the spring thaws are apt to break up the Porcupine first, in which event great ice-jams will float down the stream and crush the prisoner.

Capt. Campbell of the Rustler, upon a recent trip from Dyea brought news of the especially hard luck the carriers of the Canadian mail are experiencing. Healy & Gasch, the contractors, had given up the job and turned over the mail for Forty Mile to Bill Stewart, who promised to see that it reached its destination. In crossing the summit he was caught by a storm that was so severe he was obliged to cache the sacks in the snow and return to Dyea. Upon his arrival at the trading post it was found that both his feet were so badly frozen that he will be confined to his house for several weeks. The mail will most probably be recovered in the spring when the snow melts, new snow and drifts having obliterated all signs of the cache.

The sooner you begin to fight the fire, the more easily it may be extinguished. The sooner you begin taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla for your blood disease, the easier will be the cure. In both cases, delay is dangerous, if not fatal. Be sure you get Ayer's and no other.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

For a glass of nice hot punch call at Adelphi corner. M. C. Brown. x

Sheet music, magazines and periodicals of all kinds neatly bound at moderate rates. All work guaranteed. The Colonist Bindery Broad street and 74 Government street. x

ALL OVER THE WORLD NORWAY PINE SYRUP CURES COUGHS & COLDS

The most prompt pleasant and perfect cure for **Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Croup, Whooping Cough, Quinsy, Pain in the Chest and all Throat, Bronchial and Lung Diseases.**
The healing anti-consumptive virtues of the **Norway Pine** are combined in this medicine with **Wild Cherry** and other pectoral **Herbs** and **Balsams** to make a true specific for all forms of disease originating from colds.
Price 25c. and 50c.

PROTECTION IN ENGLAND.

Demand That British Agriculturists Be Safeguarded From Competition From Abroad.

LONDON, March 18.—Mr. F. B. Mildmay, Liberal-Unionist member for the Totnes division of Devonshire in the House of Commons, to-day quoted the House of Lords committee report, showing that many stores in the West End of London sold little else than American beef and at the same price as home grown British meat. According to Mr. Mildmay, British agriculture was thus seriously injured, and he thought the case was so strong that he would favor marking American cheese which was similarly sold. In his opinion not only was the consumer entitled to protection, but the grower should also receive protection against the foreign product when the latter was sold as English.

Mr. J. Parkin-Smith, Liberal-Unionist for the Partrick division of Lanarkshire, opposed the proposition. He thought that American and Canadian beef arrived in excellent condition and objected to placing fresh meat on the same footing as frozen meat which, he claimed was equal to the home grown article.

Mr. Elliott-Lees, Conservative member for Birkenhead, expressed the opinion that foreign meat was a great boon to the working people, and that it was impossible to detect the difference between the imported alive meat and English-grown meat.

Mr. J. Samuel, Radical, member for Stockton on Tees, who is a grocer by occupation, assured the house that no one could be deceived with American cheese, the importations of which, he declared, were decreasing. The largest imports, he added, were from Canada, and they were increasing year by year. He thought it strange that members who professed to be anxious to strengthen the commercial bonds between the mother country and the colonies should try to stamp a colonial article as being inferior.

Rt. Hon. C. T. Ritchie, president of the board of trade, said that generally speaking there was a consensus of opinion in favor of such legislation. The home producers, he added, were entitled to that amount of protection; but he did not know whether it would be an advantage to them in the long run or what the effect of the bill would be upon foreign producers, who would have to be content with less profits. He thought that in its marking provisions the bill would not work, but butchers, in his opinion, should be punished for misrepresenting the origin of goods, and he agreed to support the second reading of the agricultural produce bill, if the promoter would consent to the measure being referred to a select committee.

Mr. Bryce, Liberal, formerly president of the Board of Trade, opposed the bill on the ground that it was of a protective character.

Eventually, the agricultural produce bill passed its second reading after a contrary amendment had been negatived by a vote of 239 to 82.

PASTOR AND PEOPLE.

Rev. Mr. Brown, of San Francisco, Meets His Congregation—A Lively Scene.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 19.—Rev. C. O. Brown met his congregation last night, and the report of the council which tried the pastor of the First Congregational church was read and received. Judge Advocate Woodhams, of the council, led the meeting in prayer, and a resolution thanking the council for its labors was adopted.

Dr. Brown also thanked the council, but denied that it had the right to pass on his conduct in the case of the young lady who charged him with intimidation. He said that the alleged intimidation occurred ten days after the council had been called.

The smoothness of the meeting was suddenly marred when a member of the church named James offered a significant resolution, as follows: "That the interests of this church and congregation will be best served by a pastor whose name and reputation have never been called into question."

Immediately there was a buzz of excitement, and the noise became so great that an attempt was made to clear the room of the strangers. Dr. Brown's friends rallied to his side, and the resolution was tabled indefinitely.

Results Tell The Story.

A vast mass of direct, unimpeachable testimony proves beyond any possibility of doubt that Hood's Sarsaparilla actually does perfectly and permanently cures diseases caused by impure blood. Its record of cures is unequalled and these cures have often been accomplished after all other preparations had failed.

Hood's Pills cure all liver ills, biliousness, jaundice, indigestion, sick headache.

From Now Until Spring

Overcoats and winter wraps will be in fashion. They can be discarded, temporarily, while traveling in the steam-heated trains of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway. For solid comfort, for speed and for safety, no other line can compare with this great railway of the West.

Trout season is now open. Get your tackle at Fox's, 78 Government street. x

ESTABLISHED 1879.

P. O. BOX 188. TELEPHONE 74

E. M. JOHNSON

37 Government Street, Corner of Broughton.

REAL ESTATE AGENT,

CONVEYANCER AND NOTARY PUBLIC.

LOANS EFFECTED, RENTS AND INCOME COLLECTED, DEEDS PREPARED, ETC.

For Sale--1388-Acre Farm

ABOUT 1000 ACRES OF WHICH IS PLOUGHABLE PRAIRIE OF FIRST-CLASS QUALITY.

120 Head of Cattle, 1 pedigree Hereford Bull. 12 Horses, Ploughs, Harrows, Reaper, Wagon, Sleds, and usual farm implements. Double Harness, Chain Harness, Bull Chains, Saddles (ladies' and gents'), Bridles, etc. Blacksmiths' Bellows, Anvil and Tools and Carpenters' Tools. Nine-room House, shingle roofed. Stable for 10 horses, with hay loft above. Stone Root-house, Store Buildings, Dairy, Cow Sheds, etc., etc. About 7 miles Standing Fences, in good order, Corrals, etc. Small lot Household Furniture, Stove and Pipes, Cooking Utensils, Crockery, etc.

THIS PROPERTY is within easy distance of many of the most important Gold Silver and Coal Mines in West Kootenay. The soil is the best bottom land, and the locality is one of the few places in the Province where so large a piece of good farm land can be found in one block. A river runs through the property, and rainbow trout are plentiful and afford capital sport. Deer abound in considerable numbers. Bear, Wolf, Coyote and other large game are to be found in the hills. There are two creeks recorded and belonging to the estate; one flows all the year round. Limestone and brick clay are to be had in the valley.

THE TITLE is Crown Grant. Immediate possession can be given.

THE CATTLE are well bred. A much larger herd could be farmed with the place. The bunch grass on the hills in the vicinity covers many thousands of acres, and is available to the few land owners in the valleys.

THE CLIMATE is not severe. The station was for many years the winter quarters of the H. B. Co.'s pack trains.

THE SOUTH-WEST KOOTENAY AND OSOYOOS Divisions of Yale District, British Columbia, judging from the actual ore products of the mines to date, are destined in the next year or two to be the richest and most important mineral centres in the world.

For Sale -- 20,000 Acres of Farming Land

IN CONTIGUOUS BLOCKS.

Beautifully watered, forming one of the finest estates in the Province; house and farm buildings; 2,000 head of cattle; 50 to 80 horses; easy approach; good roads; railways projected to property and the estate is in close proximity to some of the best developed and most promising gold mines in the District.

The price of the whole is extremely moderate. Principals only treated with.

These localities are rapidly settling up, and as farm land is limited, great inducement is offered to any person or corporation having capital and knowledge necessary to work these Estates. A store, hotel and blacksmith shop could be run in connection with the farm.

"PARLOR" MATCHES

represent the acme of progress in Match-making.

No sulphur—no smell—-certainty of a light.

All well appointed Grocery Stores keep

E. B. EDDY'S Matches.

ST. ALICE

MINERAL WATER

—FROM—

Harrison Hot Springs

THORPE & CO'Y,

LIMITED LIABILITY,

VICTORIA, Telephone 435, Box 175.

VANCOUVER, Telephone 181, Box 505.

Bank of British Columbia

(Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1862.)

CAPITAL (with power to increase) £600,000 $2,920,000
RESERVE ..... £100,000 $ 486,666

HEAD OFFICE, 60 LOMBARD STREET, LONDON, ENGLAND.

BRANCHES:

IN BRITISH COLUMBIA: Victoria, Vancouver, New Westminster, Nanaimo, Kamloops and Nelson, (Kootenay Lake).

IN THE UNITED STATES: San Francisco, Portland, Seattle and Tacoma.

Agents and Correspondents: In Canada—Canadian Bank of Commerce, Merchants' Bank of Canada, The Molsons Bank, Imperial Bank of Canada, Bank of Nova Scotia and Union Bank of Canada. In United States—Canadian Bank of Commerce (Agency) New York; Bank of Nova Scotia, Chicago. In Australia and New Zealand—Bank of Australasia. In Honolulu—Bishop & Co.

Savings Bank Department.

Deposits received from $1 upwards, and interest allowed (present rate) at *3 PER CENT. PER ANNUM.*
Gold Dust purchased and every description of Banking Business transacted.
Victoria, B.C., July 1, 1893. GEO. GILLESPIE, Manager.

ARCHITECTS.

JOHN TEAGUE, Architect, corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue. Established 1863.

ADVERTISING AGENCY.

L. P. FISHER, Newspaper Advertising Agent, 21 Merchants' Exchange, San Francisco is our authorized agent. This paper is kept on file in his office. je8

BAKERS.

M. R. SMITH & CO., VICTORIA, B.C., Manufacturers of all kinds of Plain and Fancy Biscuits and Cakes. fe1

MUSICAL.

PIANOFORTE TUNING.
MR. A. F. OWEN,
Pianoforte Tuner, from J. & J. Hopkinson's, the well-known manufacturers of pianofortes, London, England; 12 years experience. Particulars as to my ability may be had from the above firm; 3½ years with Goodwin & Co., Victoria. Orders left at Hibben's Bookstore. fe5

PAINTERS.

R. LETTICE, dealer in paints, oils, varnish and window glass; agent for Brilliant Sign Letter Co., and Aspenall's Enamel. No. 40 Fort street. mr17

PHOTOGRAPHERS.

MAYNARD'S ART STUDIO, No. 41 Pandora street, dealers in all kinds of photographic material; views of British Columbia and Alaska.
Same Block—Maynard's Shoe and Finding Store, 41 Pandora street; boots, shoes, leather and shoe findings; "K" boots a specialty fe1

EDUCATION.

MR KAYE receives pupils for instruction in Book keeping, Arithmetic, Mathematics and other studies. Cases of neglected education receive special attention. 111 Fisgard street. mr17-1m

DRESSMAKING.

DRESS AND MANTLE MAKING.
MRS. MARSHALL
Has removed to No. 132 Vancouver street, where all who require dress and mantle making can have their garments made in the most fashionable style and perfectly fitted. de1-tf

PHYSICIAN.

DR. H. J. FLEISCHER (Deutscher arzt) Specialty—Surgery and genito-urinary diseases. Office, Gottstein Block, Seattle, Wash. Office hours, 12 to 4 p.m.; Sundays 12 to 1 p.m. se22-3m.

SCAVENGERS.

ED. LINES, General Scavenger, 236 Yates street.—Yards, etc., cleaned. Orders left at Geo Munro's, 89 Government street; Speed Bros, corner Douglas and Fort; or Blair & Gordon, corner Menzies and Michigan, will be promptly attended to. de3

GEO. A. SARGISON,
NOTARY PUBLIC,
Accountant and Agent.
No 48 Langley Street.

Sequah's Remedies

Can be obtained from your Chemist.

Take No Substitute.

Don't forget these Remedies have been

PUBLICLY TESTED

and proved to be superior to any other.

Sold by all Chemists and Direct from Langley & Co.

CHAS. HAYWARD,
Funeral Director and Embalmer
52 Government Street, Victoria.
The largest and best appointed Undertaking Establishment in the Province.

$25 Reward.

The above reward will be paid for the arrest and conviction of anyone stealing The Colonist from subscribers' doors.

The Colonist.

FRIDAY, MARCH 20, 1896.

Published Every Day except Monday by The Colonist Printing & Publishing Company, Limited Liability.

W. H. ELLIS, Manager. | A. G. SARGISON, Secretary.

TERMS:

THE DAILY COLONIST.

Per year, postage free to any part of Canada.....$10 00
Parts of a year at the same rate.
Per week, if delivered..... 20

THE SEMI-WEEKLY COLONIST.

Published Every Monday and Thursday

Per year, postage free to any part of the Dominion or the United States $1 50
Six months 75

Subscriptions in all cases are payable strictly in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES.

REGULAR COMMERCIAL ADVERTISING, as distinguished from everything of a transient character—that is to say, advertising referring to regular Mercantile and Manufacturing Business, Government and Land Notices—published at the following rates, per line, solid nonpareil, the duration of publication to be specified at the time of ordering advertisements:

More than one fortnight and not more than one month, 60 cents.

More than one week and not more than one fortnight, 40 cents.

Not more than one week, 30 cents.

No advertisement under this classification inserted for less than $2.50, and accepted other than for every-day insertion.

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Births, Marriages and Deaths, $1.00; funeral notices, 50 cents extra.

Where cuts are inserted they must be ALL METAL—not mounted on wood.

THE QUESTION OF THE STANDARD.

Those who believe that the statesmen of Great Britain are favorable to making a radical change in the currency of the Empire should read the report of the debate on Mr. Whitely's motion. That motion was in substance: "That it is the opinion of the House that the instability in the relative value of gold and siver since the action of the Latin union in 1873, has proved injurious to the best interests of the country; and it urges upon the Government the advisability that it does its utmost to secure an international agreement."

The resolution as it came over the wires is manifestly not complete. The object of the proposed international agreement is evidently to fix a ratio in the values of the two metals. This, it will be seen, both Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, the present Chancellor of the Exchequer, and Sir Vernon Harcourt, the late Chancellor of the Exchequer, regard as impracticable. Here is the telegraph report of what Sir Michael Hicks-Beach said on the subject:

The chancellor of the exchequer, Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, said that, although bimetallism was involved in the motion, its adoption by the house did not necessarily involve the adoption of the bimetallic system by the United Kingdom. He proceeded to dwell upon the diversity of opinion regarding bimetallism, and he thought it was impossible to fix a ratio absolutely independent of the market fluctuations of such articles. On the other hand, he continued, it was denied that if an international agreement was entered into by a sufficient number of nations, it would influence the fluctuations. Besides, Sir Michael also added, the adoption of an international agreement by a sufficient number of nations might possibly bring the value of the metals closer than at present.

In respect to the ratio, Sir Michael said he had been told the United States would probably desire 15½ or 16 to 1, but in view of the present price of silver, it seemed to him that such a ratio was absolutely dishonest to creditors, and would simply mean a financial panic, with possible disastrous effect to the credit of the country. If the ratio was based on the market value of the metals, he could not see how it would warrant the extravagant hope of the bimetallists, for the agreement would be liable to be broken in the event of political convulsion or war, and the effect of such doubt in its permanence would militate against success. Nothing could be more important to Great Britain than the extreme danger of altering the currency, for Great Britain, under the gold standard, instead of being ruined, was singularly prosperous. Wealth was more generally diffused among the working classes and higher wages were being paid than ever before. No country in the history of the world, the speaker asserted, was ever in a better position to bear an enormous load of taxation with less discomfort. Therefore he saw nothing to justify altering Great Britain's currency system.

The chancellor of the exchequer admitted, however, that there was depression in husbandry and the cotton industry, but he claimed the cause was to be found in low prices, which were due, it was claimed at one time, to the appreciation of gold. But the production of gold had largely increased, and was now higher than ever. It was a remarkable fact that the same year which had shown an enormous and unexampled stock of gold in the banks had shown the lowest prices on record. Might there not be a reason for the fall in prices independent of the appreciation of gold? The fact was that the fall in price of nearly every article was due to foreign competition, which was due to an increase in production and a more effective use of capital, owing to a wider system of credit, the use of the telegraph and the vast extension of the railways of the world, and the improvements in the mercantile marine.

Sir Michael Hicks-Beach also said that, while admitting the evils to India consequent upon the fall in the price of the rupee, he pointed out that the other gold-using parts of the empire must be considered. The government was willing to enter into an international conference or open negotiations, but it was not prepared to abandon the gold standard for the United Kingdom. Some of his colleagues, like Mr. Balfour, the first lord of the treasury, did not agree with these views; but they were all agreed that they were not justified in proposing or accepting a change in the gold standard of the United Kingdom.

Many will be surprised to find that the late Chancellor of the Exchequer not only agreed with what the present Chancellor of the Exchequer had said, but paid him a very high compliment. Here is the report of his remarks:

Motions in parliament, he said, were becoming less bimetallic every year. Sir Michael Hicks-Beach's statement, he said, was worthy of his position, and will be understood in Germany, as well as in America. It was not creditable that there should be any doubt regarding England's view on this subject. In his opinion the resolution (of Mr. Whitely) was the euthanasia of bimetallism.

Proceeding then to argue that the fall of prices was due to other causes than the appreciation of gold, he warned the country against altering India's currency system, which, he said, was without doubt most suitable for her. The adoption of bimetallism would place England at the mercy of monetary zollverein and would more effectually injure British commerce than anything that could be done on the high seas. It was not on a divided cabinet, he concluded, that the responsibility should be taken of tampering with England's currency.

Mr. Balfour is the only minister who gave the resolution a qualified support. Here is the telegraphic abstract of his speech:

Arthur Balfour, the first lord of the treasury, whose strong sentiment in favor of bimetallism is well known, replied to Sir William Vernon Harcourt, expressing this sentiment and saying nothing could persuade him that it was in conformity with civilization and common sense that we should tolerate the present inconvenient and ruinous system. He regarded the resolution as an indication that England was prepared to bear her fair share in establishing an international agreement for the use of both metals in the currency on a reasonable basis, just to debtor and creditor alike.

Mr. Balfour admitted that it was absolutely impossible to force upon the commercial and banking class a form of currency which they distrusted and were not prepared to accept; but in his judgment the whole trend of civilized opinion was in the direction of the double standard.

The question is one of very great importance and one about which many misrepresentations are being constantly made. It is said that an international agreement cannot be arrived at without the consent of Great Britain. The discerning reader will be able after he reads the report of the speeches of statesmen of both parties to form a pretty fair idea of the chance there is, within a measurable time, of obtaining that consent.

ANGLOPHOBIST VILIFICATION.

The way in which some presumably educated Americans abuse the English is really amazing. Their intense desire to be popular with the anti-British element of the population of the United States causes them to be blind to the plainest facts of history and also indirectly to vilify themselves and their fellow citizens; for what, after all, are the greatest bulk of the population of the United States? The language they use shows even to the most superficial observer that they are Britons living in America. Fancy, then, the absurdity of a citizen of the United States reproaching the British as being a "mongrel race." The Americans are, as a minute's reflection shows, of the same race as the British, with even a larger admixture of the blood of alien races. If the British are to be reproached because they are a mixed race, what is to be said of the Americans, to whom the epithet "mongrel" can be applied with much greater propriety. This is merely a specimen of the senseless abuse of the English in which American Anglophobists are constantly indulging. The vilifiers of the Old Country simply stultify themselves. They show that they have not discernment enough to see that every word they say against the British as a people is, if deserved, a reproach to the best part of the population of the United States.

The Philadelphia Bulletin in trying to account for the dislike with which Great Britain is said to be regarded by the nations of the world, says:

The Turk might quite as appropriately wonder why the alien races of the Roman Empire hated the Moslems, as the English why the educated world abhors them! All peoples are more or less selfish, seeking national gain, but no people have ever sought gain in the repulsive form common to the British race. There is no nation in Europe responsible for an atrocity so cold-blooded, so studious, so continuous as the English rape of Ireland. There is nowhere in history a record of such persistent demoniac ferocity as the English treatment of the Irish, from Richard to Cromwell, from Cromwell to Balfour. Centuries of impunity in vile doing have probably blunted the islanders to their true character before the world. They no doubt think that because they have an aristocracy, the coldest and most supercilious in the hierarchy of nobility, a church rich in the spoils of pillaged creeds, an empire vaster than all others, that they are really admirable as well as dreaded! But while Shakespeare is read, while the truth of the two last centuries is accessible to readers, England will hold the place in the world's estimation that Ghengis Khan held in other days, the type of a heartless, soulless, godless monster, devouring in cowardice and hypocrisy what she dare not attempt in open war. England is hated because from the earliest traces of her origin her people have been bandits, plunderers, servile to their equals and tyrants to the weak. And it is in the pages of the most admired poets and writers of the race the story is set down.

Is it not singular that it is this race of "bandits and plunderers" which has taught the men of all nations how to be free? Are not the institutions of all the really free nations of the world imitations, more or less close, of those that the British have established? Does it not strike the haters of the British race as rather surprising that the peoples who are under the rule of these "tyrants to the weak" feel themselves to be as free and as well governed as any that are to be found on the face of the earth? The calumniators of the British must wonder how the inhabitants of Great Britain's colonies are sincerely attached to the *Mother* Country, are in sympathy with her, and are ready to fly to her aid when she is attacked by the nations who hate her and envy her her vast possessions in every quarter of the world. If the British are the cruel tyrants which American Anglophobists represent them to be, do they not wonder how it is that Canadians remain loyal to them, although there is not in the whole Dominion a corporal's guard of soldiers to maintain their authority; and how it is that the millions in Australia are proud to call themselves British subjects although there are not British soldiers enough in all the islands of the Antipodes to keep in order a single discontented and insubordinate province? Why do not the haters of England see that the British cannot be the monsters of cruelty and rapacity that they represent them to be when this authority can be maintained without physical force and when they do not exact from their rich and populous dependencies a single pound by way of tribute? Let them compare the condition of Canada with that of Cuba and they will perhaps get an inkling of the secret of the success of the British as colonizers.

It just may be that the Anglophobists in the United States and elsewhere are beginning to see that one of the reasons why Great Britain is in these days so powerful and why she exerts so great an influence in proportion to her territorial extent is that she has, scattered all over the earth's surface, colonies every year becoming more powerful, which are sincerely attached to her and which are willing and able to aid her in any struggle with her enemies. These and many other considerations which must occur to any man of average intelligence, no matter to what nation he may belong or how strong his prejudices and how bitter his antipathies, should convince him that England is not "a heartless, soulless, godless monster devouring in cowardice and hypocrisy what she dare not attempt in open war," but something as opposite to such a monster as can well be imagined.

Cures, absolute, permanent cures have given Hood's Sarsaparilla the largest sales in the world and the first place among medicines.

The chafing dish is one of the most useful of cooking utensils, and is much appreciated by lovers of fine culinary effects. Weiler Bros. have them. x

Tinware, very cheap, at R. A. Brown & Co.'s, 80 Douglas street. x

Revolution in Chewing Tobacco

TUCKETT'S

T & B

MAHOGANY

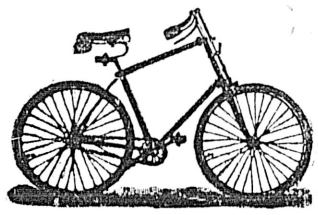
IS THE LATEST AND BEST.

See that the **T & B Tin Tag** is on each plug

MANUFACTURED BY

The George E. Tuckett & Son Co., Ltd., Hamilton, Ontario. fe24

Note These Facts.



The Griffiths Special at $100

Is superior in every way to any $125 Bicycle on the market.

The Griffiths Model '96 at $85

A perfect beauty, and easily leads at this popular price. Both built at Humber Factory, England, entirely of Humber parts. This fact is alone a guarantee of material and skilled workmanship.

DUKE - - - - - } $75
DUCHESS, - - - -
Griffiths Leader, -

Guaranteed for one year, and cannot be beaten. Comparisons particularly invited.

The Wheels we Rent are the Most Popular in the City.

BEESTON-HUMBER CYCLERY,
22 Broad St., opp. Driard.

C. A. GODSON,
Agent The John Griffiths Cycle Corporation, The largest dealers in the world.

Break Up a Cold in Time
BY USING
PYNY-PECTORAL
The Quick Cure for COUGHS, COLDS, CROUP, BRONCHITIS, HOARSENESS, etc.

MRS. JOSEPH NORWICK, of 68 Sorauren Ave., Toronto, writes:
"Pyny-Pectoral has never failed to cure my children of croup after a few doses. It cured myself of a long-standing cough after several other remedies had failed. It has also proved an excellent cough cure for my family. I prefer it to any other medicine for coughs, croup or hoarseness."

H. O. BARBOUR, of Little Rocher, N.B., writes:
"As a cure for coughs Pyny-Pectoral is the best selling medicine I have; my customers will have no other."

Large Bottle, 25 Cts.

DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., LTD.
Proprietors, MONTREAL

AUCTION SALES.

BY ORDER OF MORTGAGEES.

We will sell by Auction in our Salerooms, 62 and 64 Douglas street, Vernon Block, in the City of Victoria,

On Saturday, March 28th, at 11 a.m.

under powers contained in a certain mortgage, dated November 10th, 1894, and which will be produced at the time of sale

All that Piece or Parcel of Land

containing 60 acres or thereabouts, together with the lime kilns, shop, sheds, stables, etc., being Section 15 (with improvements) Highland District. The said mortgage is registered in Charge Book vol. 13, folio 877.

Terms at sale. Further particulars may be had from Mr. Joseph Wrigglesworth, Yates St., or

HERBERT CUTHBERT & CO.,
Auctioneers.

JOSHUA DAVIES
AUCTIONEER,
WILL SELL BY
PUBLIC AUCTION
—ON—
Saturday, April 11, 1896,

At his Salesroom, Bastion Square, at 12 o'clock noon, all the property and franchises as a going concern of the

VICTORIA ELECTRIC RAILWAY & LIGHTING COMPANY, Ld.

For full particulars apply to

MESSRS. McPHILLIPS, WOOTTON & BARNARD,
Solicitors, Board of Trade Building.
Bastion Square, Victoria.

TWO LARGE LOTS just off Fernwood road for sale at $300 each. Cuthbert & Co., auctioneers and brokers.

VERY ATTRACTIVE, well built modern cottage and quarter of an acre of land for sale on Craigflower road, dining room, parlor, 3 bedrooms, kitchen, pantry, etc., also stable, fruit bearing trees, and capital garden; a great bargain at $1,700. Cuthbert & Co.

FOR SALE—8-roomed house almost new, large lot, stable, etc., near Fountain. This is a most desirable property. Cuthbert & Co.

AN ELEGANT BRICK COTTAGE, with stone foundations, concrete cellars; all rooms finished in polished red wood; heated by furnace; very attractive grounds (one and a half lots); stable, chicken houses, etc.; in a very desirable situation, for sale, together with the carpets, furniture, Jubilee range, etc., at a great sacrifice; not more than $1,000 down. Cuthbert & Co., auctioneers and brokers.

EASTER! EASTER!

A NEW LINE OF

Easter Cards

JUST RECEIVED BY

T. N. Hibben & Co.

GRAND TEETH

Can now be had for very little money. Having made more improvements in the manufacture of my improved artificial Sets of Teeth, I now place them before the public at a price that nobody need wear the old style rubber plates. I first introduced them ten years ago, and whoever wears them pronounces them the best that can be made, as they are like Natural Teeth. I guarantee satisfaction of all Dental Operations, as to price and workmanship, having 20 years' experience.

DR. HARTMAN, 78½ GOVERNMENT ST.

Teeth extracted for the poor Wednesday afternoon from 3 to 4 p.m., free of charge. de10

LIONEL C. BARFF,
Mining Broker,
Shares in the War Eagle and other companies for sale.
OFFICE 32 LANGLEY STREET,
fe15 VICTORIA, B.C.

J. HEANEY, Truck and Drayman, office 26 Yates street; Telephone 171; Residence 119 Superior street. mr1-1m

MONEY TO LOAN for clients and for The Dominion Building & Loan Association on Victoria real estate. A. W. More & Co., Mortgage Brokers, 70 Douglas street.

THE
BANKRUPT STOCK

Of PERRY & TURNER having been purchased by us, will be cleared out at SLAUGHTER PRICES. Remember, this is not a "mark-down" or "reducing stock" sale, but a genuine "SELL-ALL-THE-GOODS" sale, with all former prices knifed beyond recognition.

EVERYTHING IN { Garden Tools, Hardware, Enamelware, Stoves, Tinware, Cutlery, &c.

Don't Miss This Big Chance.

J. L. Beckwith & Co.

42 JOHNSON STREET, opposite Gilmore & McCandless'.

Stubs' Vegetable Blood Purifier

THE greatest cleansing and blood purifying medicine ever discovered.

A True Nerve Tonic.

A Reliable Laxative and Diuretic. A positive cure for Biliousness, Constipation, Kidney and Liver Complaints, Impure Blood, Dyspepsia, Headache, Bad Circulation, Obstinate Humors, General and Nervous Debility, Female Complaints and all Irregularities of the System caused by bad blood or disordered action of the Stomach, Liver, Kidneys and Bowels. It acts directly upon the diseased organs, dispels all traces of bile and waste products from the entire system, helps nature to regain its losses, and thus restores to health the broken down and shattered constitution.

Testimonials from YOUR OWN CITIZENS, and not from people in some other Province. For full particulars see Stubs' pamphlet. *For sale by all druggists and medicine dealers.*

Bentley & McGregor,
mr19 Sole Proprietors, Victoria, B.C.

Little's Carbon Papers.
Little's Typewriter Ribbons.

The very best made. Rapidly superseding all other makes. Sold only by : : : : : : :

JAMIESON { Bookseller and Stationer, No. 61 Government Street.

ALEXANDRA CREAM SEPARATORS,
SPRAY PUMPS,
PLOWS, HARROWS, SEED DRILLS,
FARM AND SPRING WAGONS,
BUGGIES AND CARTS,
HARDWARE, IRON AND STEEL,
MILL AND MINING SUPPLIES.
LOGGERS' SUPPLIES,

FOR SALE BY

E. G. PRIOR & CO., LTD.
Victoria, Vancouver and Kamloops.

EX. GLENALVON.

JUST ARRIVED FROM LIVERPOOL

Thorne's Celebrated

O.H.M. Whiskey

Besides a bountiful supply of other goods.

The demand for

Seagram's Whiskey

Is still being freely met.

R. P. RITHET & CO., LTD.
fe26-tf

PLINY E. DAVIS & CO.,
Auctioneers and Commission Merchants,
Office and Salesrooms, 37 and 39 Yates St.
Liberal advances made on consignments. Stocks of merchandise and furniture of dwellings bought for spot cash.

Notice of Removal.

Lindley Crease, Barrister-at-Law, has moved his office to the Temple Building, next Bank of British Columbia, Fort street, Victoria, B.C.
CREASE & CREASE,
mr11-2w Barristers, Solicitors, Etc.

Ram Lal's Pure Indian Tea.

The growth of a whole year of six tea bushes is required to produce one pound of this exquisite Tea, but so carefully is it manufactured and so rich is its character that ONE POUND WEIGHT, if properly brewed according to the directions on each package, will make enough liquor to fill TWO HUNDRED TEA-CUPS. This glorious Tea is now in use from the Atlantic to the Pacific, and those who drink it are enjoying the finest Tea in the world at half the cost of good China Tea. It is guaranteed absolutely pure as picked on the gardens in India by Ram Lal's Indian Tea Co., Calcutta.

Erskine, Wall & Co., Sole Agents.

10 CASES NEW SPRING

CLOTHING

JUST TO HAND.

B. WILLIAMS & CO. *Clothiers and Hatters, No. 97 Johnson Street.*

A Proposal From a Man

To give a Dress Piece to a lady friend resulted in an ice-house smile from the lady when she found that he didn't get it at THE WESTSIDE. She said that her dreams were of beautiful dresses, and there were enough at THE WESTSIDE to keep one looking for hours with a new delight every minute, and further that she had stood in front of the store and looked longingly at the New Spring Dress Fabrics shown in such tempting profusion in the windows, in all the new colors and shot effects, and at the Two-tone Fancy and Plain Silks which were regular feasts of fancy, and on enquiring had been told that they were 36 inches wide and only 75c. per yard. Why, then, he should have had the bad taste to bring her a dress from a store famous for relics of a by-gone style, she could not understand. Vale. The lady was right; a blunder like that is quite enough to spoil the sweetest temper. The man must have ante-diluvian ideas and could not have read the dry goods advertisments, or he would have known that for beauty and style our dress goods are beyond compare, that the prices are right, and that every taste is provided for except bad taste.

This is Leap Year,

The only one allowed to us for eight years, and while we can't propose, it shall be our endeavor to celebrate the event by offering as delicately as may be

Capes, Blouses and Dress Goods

of such beauty and at such prices as will merit the approval of our lady friends, the pleasure of whose company, with friends, is requested at

The Westside

J. HUTCHESON & CO. ON MONDAY, MARCH 16, 1896.

AUCTION SALES.

March 20—Farm stock. H. Cuthbert & Co.
March 20—Furniture, etc. W. T. Hardaker.
March 28—Real estate. H. Cuthbert & Co.
April 11—Victoria electric railway and lighting system. Joshua Davies, auctioneer.

NOTICE TO BICYCLISTS.

Having discovered that a certain firm in Victoria were offering the well known "Crescent" wheel for sale, Messrs. Waitt & Co., who are the sole authorized agents for that make here, enquired into the matter, and the subjoined telegram is the result. Persons buying this widely known machine will govern themselves accordingly.

"CHICAGO, ILL., March 18.
"M. W. Waitt & Co., Victoria:
"Have wired Hyslop to withdraw quotations and Crescents must not be offered for sale. Have cancelled agency until matter is adjusted. You will be protected.
"WESTERN WHEEL WORKS."

THE CITY.

SIX Chinamen will appear in the city police court on Monday charged with peddling without licenses.

THE capital stock of the Cariboo Hydraulic Mining Co. of Vancouver has been increased from $300,000 to $500,000.

MR. Edwin John, of South Saanich, has been appointed a fence viewer for that district, vice Mr. Alexander Martin.

COURTS of assize are to be held at Nelson, on the 15th of June next, and at Donald on the 22nd of the same month.

THE British Columbia Supply Co. of Vancouver has been duly incorporated by Messrs. J. G. Hutchison, H. H. Hutchison and George Howell and Mrs. Louisa Howell, all of the Terminal City. The capital stock is $50,000.

MR. Piper and Mr. Babson have not yet met for the eighth game in their chess series, the outcome of which local enthusiasts are looking forward to with considerable interest. Mr. Babson's last engagement was with Capt. Robertson, of Moresby Island, whom he defeated in one game and by whom he was defeated in the return.

CRESCENTS. We are the only authorized agents for the sale of these bicycles in this city. Some people imagine from reading the telegram already published that our agency is cancelled. Such is not the case, but the agency at Toronto from whom another party in this city got the same wheels, is cancelled, until matters are adjusted in our favor. M.W. Waitt & Co.

WILLIAM J. Clarke, a son of Dr. Clarke of Kamloops, and himself known as "the Kid" among all good telegraphers, committed suicide last week in Jersey City by asphyxiation. No cause is assigned in the despatches giving the news of the fatality. Clarke worked for a short time in the C.P.R. telegraph office here, relieving his brother, John S. Clarke.

WITHIN the next few days the C.P.R. will inaugurate a tri-weekly freight service to the Kootenay country. Special cars will leave the Terminal City at 10 o'clock every Tuesday, Friday and Sunday morning, connecting at Arrowhead with the steamer leaving there on Thursdays, Tuesdays and Sundays. At present there is no regular freight service given to Kootenay from the coast, and the new departure is partially due to the energy of Victoria merchants.

YESTERDAY'S meeting of the W.C.T.U., held at Temperance hall, was largely attended and proved one of the most interesting of recent months. The feature of the day was an interesting paper on "Heredity and Hygiene," contributed by Dr. Mary McNeill. Prior to the adjournment a resolution was adopted tendering the sincerest sympathy of the union to Mrs. Gordon Grant in her recent bereavement, the union having also lost in Mrs. Pollard one of its first and most active workers in the city.

"A FAIR REBEL," a military drama in four acts, adapted from one of Rev. E. P. Roe's famous stories, is the attraction for the latter part of this week at A.O.U.W. hall, the play in the hands of the Smith-Lieb company being given a presentation that leaves nothing to be desired. In fact the "Fair Rebel" is the most popular play yet staged here by the company, and calls for the appearance of a greater number of actors than any other in the repertoire, there being 21 names in all in the cast. The play is a wholesome tale of love and war, incongruous elements perhaps, but delightfully blended in this creation of the soldier-author. Mr. Smith, Miss Lieb, Mr. Yale and in fact all the members of the company have abundant opportunity to do themselves full justice.

LADIES attending the football match to be played between the Northfield Violets and the Junior Wanderers at the Caledonia grounds to-morrow will be considered honorary visitors. The intermediate challenge cup to be played for is now on exhibition in Challoner & Mitchell's window and is sufficient in itself to induce good work. The Wanderers were the champions of the province last year, and the present composition of the team is, with few exceptions, the same as then. Gadsby, from the Royal Marines, now plays in place of L. Campbell, who is this year numbered among the Wellington seniors. Another change is the substitution of Jackson for Paul Higgins, owing to the latter's absence in the East. The great feature of Saturday's play will, it is expected, be the struggle between Northfield's forwards and the Wanderers' backs, the former's combination work being strengthened largely by Blakeley, one of the most promising juniors in the province. Mr. Townsend, of the Royal Engineers, will referee the game.

THE drawing took place last evening for two wheels, raffled by Mr. P. S. Lampman, the high throw proving to be that of Mr. Ian Coltart (45) and the low that of Mr. E. A. Erb (18).

R. T. WILSON HERALD, M. D., has been named by the government as resident physician at the 150-Mile House, vice Dr. Hugh Watt, resigned. He will also succeed Dr. Watt as coroner for the county of Cariboo.

MR. H. Bornstein, holding shares 119 A and B, last evening drew the 86th appropriation of the Vancouver Island Building Society, the drawing committee being composed of Messrs. George Gawley, Henry Moss and Joshua Holland.

EIGHT tables constituted the James Bay weekly whist party of last evening. The winner was R. W. Clark with 13 games out of 16; and F. L. Macfarlane won the consolation prize with 4 to his credit. Next week's tourney will be on Tuesday instead of Thursday, on account of other engagements for the regular evening.

A SPECIAL meeting of the Presbytery of Victoria is to be held this afternoon at St. Andrew's church, Douglas street, several business matters having been referred for consideration at this meeting, when the presbytery were last brought together. The plan to be adopted for continuing the Central church will also be decided during to-day's session.

THE appointment of Mr. David Robson, ex-city clerk, to succeed Charles Warwick as government agent at New Westminster, was officially gazetted yesterday. Besides acting as government agent Mr. Robson will be assistant commissioner of lands and works, collector of provincial revenue and mining recorder for Westminster district, and collector of votes, all these offices having been held by his predecessor.

THE Fifth Regiment band will play the following programme at their weekly concert to-morrow evening in the drill hall at half-past eight: March, "Liberty Bell," (Sousa); overture, "Morning, Noon and Night," (Suppe); Caprice, "Danse des Sultanes," (Daniels); waltzes, "Immortellen," (Gungl); grand selection, "Cavalleria Rusticana," (Mascagni); Serenade, "The Lover and the Mandolin," (Mussud), with euphonium obligato by Bandsman Wales; bolero, "Souvenir de Cadiz," (Bossisio); and medley selection, "The Jolly Minstrel," (Brooks).

A SPECIAL dispatch to the COLONIST from Winnipeg, received yesterday, contains the subjoined in reference to the great Cronkhite fortune in which Mrs. Post of Spring Ridge and other residents of this city believe themselves to be materially interested. It does not quite explain away the facts that Mrs. Post set forth in an interview not long ago published in the COLONIST: "Investigation has shown that the story circulated in New York some months ago to the effect that there was an immense fortune awaiting the heirs of a Hollander named Cronkhite, is a fabrication. Letters from the Hague, received to-day, says that nothing is known there of the fabulous wealth supposed to be held in trust by the state for the descendants of Cronkhite, of gin-making celebrity."

PROBABLY the best team in the line of Irish farce now on the stage is Murray and Mack, whose clever work in "Finnigan's Ball" has done much to enhance their reputation. Their comedy is bright and dashing, their dancing is a revelation of grotesque fun, while their specialties are unique and startling. The "Finnigan's Ball" company is excellent and includes the eccentric comedian, George H. Emerick, whose portrayal of the troubles of the widow Gallagher is a feature of the performance. The Loring sisters are refined artists and truly marvellous dancers. With the company are Gracie Cummings, the cute and curly soubrette; Edith Newton, Winifred Stewart, Rita Dixon, Lonnie Deane, Clayton E. White, Bert Leslie, Charles Lamb and Vincent Minnelli. Their date at the Victoria theatre is for to-morrow evening.

APPLICATION was made to Chief Justice Davie yesterday by Mr. S. Perry Mills for the admission to bail of Harry Creech, accused of being implicated in the murder of Mary Ellen Janes. Mr. Mills contended that the deposition of the accused made at the corner's inquest should have been excluded from the evidence taken in the police court, as it was inadmissible as legal evidence against the prisoner, and that the evidence of Chief Sheppard as to certain statements made by Creech, and other evidence should not be considered by the court in looking over the depositions of the preliminary hearing. Mr. A. G. Smith, Deputy Attorney-General, opposed the application, urging that there was not the same reason for admitting Creech on bail as had been shown to exist in so far as Dr. Garrow was concerned. The Chief Justice refused to admit Creech to bail, holding that even if some of the evidence might be excluded at the trial, he would not now give judgment on it, while the circumstances differed from those in Dr. Garrow's case, in that medical certificates have been produced to show that the latter's health was suffering from his confinement in jail.

Will be found an excellent remedy for sick headache. Carter's Little Liver Pills. Thousands of letters from people who have used them prove this fact. Try them.

The U. S. Gov't Reports show Royal Baking Powder superior to all others.

SMALL HOPE REMAINS.

The Fate of Printer Hodge and His Companion Is All But Sealed.

Starving in the Alaska Wilderness With Little Chance of Rescue.

Last December when the Jackson party left Juneau for Forty-Mile, carrying the Alaska Commercial Co.'s mail, they were accompanied by two white men, L. S. Hodge, formerly of this city and latterly in the employ of the Alaska News, and William McNeely, a miner who had worked in the Silver Queen. They were repeatedly urged not to attempt the trip at that time of the year, and especially with the Indians they had engaged and who were known as remarkably fast travellers. Old-timers in Alaska, acquainted with the terrors of an Arctic winter, did their utmost to prevent the two from committing wilful suicide, for such it appeared to be, but all to no avail.

The party left provisioned for but forty days, Hodge burdened with about 600 pounds of newspapers and magazines which he was taking in to sell. Immediately after they had taken their departure heavy storms set in, and from what has been learned from the Cooper party since their recent arrival at Juneau from Forty-Mile, it is evident the Jackson outfit was compelled to lie in camp a number of weeks on account of the weather, which reduced their grub very materially.

Jackson, his half-breed nephew and another Indian were met by the Cooper party at the foot of Lake LeBarge. They were in desperate circumstances, but had the mail intact with the exception of one bag of papers which they had been compelled to discard. Jackson's face was badly frozen and his nephew's hands were in a pitiable condition. He said that when their supply of provisions ran short they divided up and each man had to shift for himself.

Hodge and McNeely had been left behind at Lake Teslin nine days before with a half sack of flour and some beans. Both were in a state of utter exhaustion from the hardships and intense cold. Some Stick Indians are said to be hunting in that vicinity, and should Hodge and McNeely fall in with them they will pull through, but their chances are very small. When Jackson's outfit was met they had already killed and eaten all their dogs and were on the last quarter of the last hound. They had also a spoonful of flour per day to the man. Two days travel below Lake LeBarge they can secure plenty of grub, and will finally reach Forty-Mile in good shape.

DAMAGES ARE SOUGHT.

Mr. J. H. Baker Objects to the "Arcade" Alterations and Obtains an Injunction.

The work of extending the front of Spencer's Arcade was yesterday temporarily stopped by an injunction taken out by J. H. Baker against D. Spencer. Mr. Baker has a lease from Mr. Spencer of the shoe store adjoining the Arcade and alleges that the extending of the front wall of the Arcade will interfere with his entrance on Government street. He has also brought suit for damages alleging that his business has been interfered with on one or two occasions by the cutting of his electric light wires during the progress of the work on the Arcade, that his chimney flue has been taken away and that he has suffered other inconvenience.

At 11 o'clock on Wednesday night Mr. Belyea, on behalf of Mr. Baker, secured an injunction from the Chief Justice stopping the work of extending the partition between the Arcade and the shoe store till this evening, and yesterday afternoon the argument on the injunction was set for hearing.

In the meantime Mr. Spencer wrote stating that he did not intend to extend the partition and would not oppose the injunction, which was thereupon obtained restraining the extension of the partition until after the hearing of the action for damages. Mr. Spencer, when he commenced making the extension to the Arcade, offered to cut another entrance in the shoe store in place of the one now in use, but this Mr. Baker declined as he did not consider it would be as convenient as the present one.

Steamer Maude was yesterday loading tramway rails for Vancouver.

VICTORIA

Roller Flour Mill

VICTORIA, B.C.

BEST FAMILY FLOUR, XXX Brand.
SUPERFINE FLOUR,
WHOLE WHEAT MEAL, Recommended by the Medical Profession.
GRAHAM FLOUR,
SELF-RAISING FLOUR, Prepared on Scientific Chemical Principles, and no deleterious substances used in its manufacture. No Baking Powder, Yeast or Salt required.
GROUND FEED,
BRAN, SHORTS, ETC.
RICE MEAL AND CHIT RICE.

If your Grocer does not keep these in stock, write direct to the Mill.

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New Curtain Muslins,
New Chambrays,
New Zephyrs,
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New Printed Nainsooks,
New Dress Piques,
New Prices

That cannot be beaten.

H. Young & Co.

LADIES!

We respectfully invite you to **Our Opening** of Paris, New York, Montreal and San Francisco **Millin'ry Patterns** and Untrimmed Novelties **Thursday, March 19,** and following days. We will display up-to-date styles, being personally selected by Miss E. J. Duffie.

Millinery Opening

—AT THE—

Bon Ton

—ON—

Thursday, the 19th March

and following days. We invite your inspection of our stock of French, English and American Hats, Bonnets and Novelties.

Our showroom is crowded with all the latest spring styles, secured by our Miss Honour, in London, England, New York and Toronto.

Note the change of address from the Manchester House to 80 Government street, opposite T. N. Hibben & Co.'s Bookstore.

Mrs. E. H. Small.

Spring Medicine

Your blood in Spring is almost certain to be full of impurities—the accumulation of the winter months. Bad ventilation of sleeping rooms, impure air in dwellings, factories and shops, overeating, heavy, improper foods, failure of the kidneys and liver properly to do extra work thus thrust upon them, are the prime causes of this condition. It is of the utmost importance that you

Purify Your Blood

Now, as when warmer weather comes and the tonic effect of cold bracing air is gone, your weak, thin, impure blood will not furnish necessary strength. That tired feeling, loss of appetite, will open the way for serious disease, ruined health, or breaking out of humors and impurities. To make pure, rich, red blood Hood's Sarsaparilla stands unequalled. Thousands testify to its merits. Millions take it as their Spring Medicine. Get Hood's, because

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Lansdowne House, 86 Yates Street.

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LOANS.

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Pure Preserves

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They are the purest and best, and **PERFECTION IN PRESERVES.**

SOLD BY EVERY GROCER IN THE CITY.

PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE.

Second Session of the Seventh Parliament.

THIRTY-FOURTH DAY.

THURSDAY, March 19, 1896.

The Speaker took the chair at 2 p. m. Prayers by Rt. Rev. Bishop Cridge.

HON. COL. BAKER introduced a bill to amend the placer mining act 1891 and amending acts. Read a first time.

The house again went into committee on the bill for the preservation of the Cariboo trunk road by forbidding the use of narrow tires (Mr. Adams), with Mr. McGregor in the chair. Mr. Smith, to kill the bill, moved that the committee rise without reporting, and after five minutes discussion the motion was carried on division.

The cattle act amendment bill and the line fences and watercourses bill (Mr. Graham) were read a third time and passed.

The house went into committee on the Royal Cariboo Hospital incorporation bill (Mr. Rogers) with Mr. Huff in the chair. Reported complete without amendments, read a third time and passed.

MR. ADAMS asked: 1. Was any money paid to Dr. Hugh Watt for medical and surgical attention to a Chinaman who was wounded while resisting arrest near Beaver Lake, district of Cariboo? 2. If so, how much? 3. Is it the policy of the government generally to allow subsidized physicians to make charges for services rendered to the government?

HON. MR. TURNER—1. Yes. 2. $142. 3. When subsidized physicians are called in at the request of the government the custom has been to pay them the same as other physicians performing the service would have been paid.

Hon. Mr. Turner presented returns respecting arrears of taxes on land; crown grants to mineral claims in West Kootenay; and travelling and incidental expenses of ministers and officials.

The house went into committee on the benevolent societies bill (Mr. Macpherson) with Mr. Cotton in the chair. Reported complete with amendments.

The bill to amend the trustees and executors act (Mr. Helmcken) was read a second time, and the house went into committee upon it, Mr. Booth in the chair. Hon. Mr. Eberts took exception to the bill, which he considered inexpedient because of its retroactive nature, and to permit of further consideration of it he moved that the committee rise and report progress. This was agreed to after an amendment by Mr. Williams, simply that the committee rise, had been defeated.

MR. KITCHEN moved the second reading of the municipalities incorporation bill and of the municipal elections and electors bill. He explained that these were made up of the provisions of the law at present existing, arranged in separate bills by the commissioner for the revision of the statutes, and further revised by the select committee on the subject. Bills read a second time.

MR. MACPHERSON moved the second reading of the literary societies bill. Read a second time.

WILD HORSES.

MR. ADAMS moved the second reading of the bill for the extermination of wild horses, which provides:

2. It shall be lawful for any person to shoot or otherwise destroy any unbranded stallion over the age of twenty months which may be running at large upon the public lands, provided that such person shall theretofore have unsuccessfully used reasonable endeavors to capture any such stallion.

3. This act shall apply only to that part of the province lying to the east of the Cascade range of mountains.

MR. WILLIAMS suggested that it would expediate business to include horses with game, under the game act now before the house, and to make an open season for them all the year round.

HON. MR. MARTIN thought that the bill would require some amendment, as it is sometimes rather difficult to tell whether or not a horse is branded.

MR. SMITH, while approving of the idea of the bill, thought that the government should appoint some person or persons with authority to shoot the horses, as if everyone was permitted to do so it might enable persons to shoot their neighbors' horses out of spite.

HON. COL. BAKER thought it would be a safeguard if the person shooting any of these horses were compelled to produce the skins before the government agent.

MR. SEMLIN would vote for the second reading, but advised some such safeguard as suggested by Mr. Smith.

MR. STODDART agreed with Mr. Williams that it would be a good idea to put the provisions of this bill into the game act.

Bill read a second time.

ASSESSMENT BILL.

The debate on the second reading of the assessment act amendment bill was resumed.

HON. MR. TURNER explained that since this bill was last discussed the tax on minerals had been rearranged after several conferences with the mine owners, and an amendment is to be introduced in committee making the tax one per cent. on the smelter returns. This would be satisfactory all round, for the mining men who had interviewed him had readily admitted that it is right and fair that the mines should be taxed, the only question raised being as to the plan of taxation. He found that their objections were in great part based on misapprehension, because they had been under the impression that this new tax on minerals was to be in addition to the ordinary tax on personal estate and property, to which they wrongly supposed their mines would continue to be subject. When this point was explained to them the only question remaining was as to the manner of assessment, and all were satisfied to have the taxation placed as now proposed on smelter or reduction works returns.

HON. COL. BAKER also dwelt upon the willingness of the mining men to pay the tax to be provided for in the amendments to the bill, and he mentioned an argument which he had heard to the effect that it is not fair to tax other minerals while coal is allowed to go free. This argument, he said, is based on misapprehension, for there is a royalty of five cents a ton to which all the coal mined in the province is liable, with the exception of mines in operation before 1884—for the act had not been made retroactive. As the tax on coal would approximate 2½ per cent. it would be seen that these other minerals are not discriminated against as suggested.

MR. KITCHEN—How much a year do you get from coal?

HON. COL. BAKER replied that nothing at all is now received, because all the mines being worked were in operation before 1884, but any coal mines opened in the future will be subject to the royalty. Dealing briefly with other features of the bill, he pointed out that the graduated income tax now provided for will enable the government to reach the banks and large companies so that a revenue will be derived from these sources which at present is not coming in.

MR. SEMLIN complained that though it is three weeks since this bill was last discussed the government have not yet got their amendments ready to lay before the house.

MR. SWORD, in a general criticism of the bill, complained that the estimates not having been brought down there is nothing to show that the proposed all round increase in taxation is a necessity. With respect to the mines he was not satisfied that the new tax will really be an increase over what the government might have received in the past had the mines been assessed up to the limit provided by law. He complained, however, that the proposal to place this new tax on mines has had a very injurious effect on the industry already, as persons who had had bonds on certain properties would not go on with their proposed purchase after receiving notice of this new assessment.

MR. WILLIAMS objected to the second reading of this bill because until the budget is brought down there is no evidence that additional taxation is a necessity. He would rather decrease the expenditure, for instance by cutting off that respecting the office of the Agent-General in London.

HON. MR. EBERTS rose to a point of order, remarking that he could not find anything in this bill about the Agent-General; and that the hon. member appeared to be under the misapprehension that this is the budget debate.

THE SPEAKER asked the hon. member to confine himself to the matter of the bill.

MR. WILLIAMS remarked that if he was not allowed to speak of the expenditure of the government he might as well sit down.

HON. MR. TURNER—You won't leave anything to say on the budget. (Laughter.)

MR. KITCHEN—You'll find out whether we have nothing to say on the budget! (Renewed laughter.)

The point of order was then discussed at some length, the Speaker's ruling remaining unchanged.

MR. WILLIAMS concluded, declaring that as he calculated it the increased taxation provided for in this bill is only $45,000, on the basis of the returns for 1895, outside of what may be derived from the mining tax, while the deficit, he said, was $1,000,000 in one year.

MR. KITCHEN also talked about a deficit of $1,000,000 a year, which he said had occurred under this extravagant government.

MR. HUNTER supported the bill because he thought that it is time that the government got some return for the large expenditures made in the mining country. For the development in Kootenay he gave the credit first to the individual miner, second to the government, and third and last to the capitalist, for he did not by any means agree with all the claims made to the house on behalf of the capitalist. He pointed out that the expenditure of the government in Kootenay has been very large indeed. To the Nakusp & Slocan railway they gave $647,000 in cash; to the Nelson & Fort Sheppard railway 615,000 acres of land, which at $1 an acre comes to $615,000; to the Columbia & Kootenay railway 200,000 acres, representing $200,000; and to the Kaslo & Slocan road 60,000 acres, or $60,000; these grants making a total of $1,522,000. Adding to this the $247,331 spent in the last four years for roads, streets and bridges gives a total of $1,769,000 spent by the government under the headings mentioned, for the opening up of Kootenay, and, as he said before, it is about time that the government began to get something in return.

MR. KENNEDY spoke in opposition to the increased taxation. He thought, however, that the wild land tax might be even further increased, instead of raising the taxes on personal property and income.

MR. KELLIE was surprised at the "gall" of these members from Vancouver and Westminster districts, who rail in the house about the expenditure of the government while their own districts are getting every year a great deal more than they contribute. He heard that they have further demands to make—that they want, for instance, an immense sum for a bridge at Westminster, and he wanted to know where the government is to raise the money for this and other purposes if they are not to be allowed to put on new taxation. They will never get it, he was sure, out of the single tax, which some members of the house are so fond of advocating. The people of Kootenay are much more liberal those of Vancouver and New Westminster, and the large delegation sent down by the miners have gone away quite satisfied to pay the new taxation in the way now proposed. He wished to point out that if these representatives from along the Fraser river don't want any new taxation, and want expenses cut down, they should advocate retrenchment at home, and ask that their own municipalities shall become self-sustaining. Then they could consistently ask for retrenchment in other quarters. He took exception to the calculation given to the house by Mr. Hunter respecting the amount spent by the government in opening up Kootenay, for with respect to the Nakusp & Slocan railway the government is still $60,000 ahead, while the land mentioned is all situated in Kootenay and is in no way a charge on the rest of the province.

MR. MACPHERSON continued the debate without much reference to the bill.

MR. KIDD followed in opposition to the bill.

MR. COTTON said it was difficult to intelligently deal with this bill in the absence of information as to the government's financial policy for the coming year. Of course the government must be carried on, and either the revenue must be increased or the expenditure decreased. Until the estimates come down the house cannot see whether or not the government have retrenched where possible, or should they have done so, whether there is a reasonable hope that with improving times the revenue will meet the reduced expenditure. Had they this information probably the opposition might approve of a temporary increase of taxation, but in its absence they could only treat the bill on its merits, and oppose the increased taxation lest the government use it to continue their present extravagances. Another difficulty is presented by the question, why is there such a difference between the ordinary revenue and the ordinary expenditure? Of course the worldwide depression has affected the revenue, but the government should retrench as far as possible in view of the falling revenue. But the depression is only temporary, and it might well be argued that the relief should be temporary also, and that for instance the government should draw upon the balance of the loan authorized last year. The government could not oppose that, and he felt that the opposition would prefer such a course to increasing the burdens of the people. But in the absence of the estimates the opposition are precluded from taking any such ground, and are forced to take their present position. The assessment of mines he felt would have and has already had a most important bearing upon the way in which investors in England and elsewhere regard the mines of this country.

HON. MR. TURNER—The prices have gone up.

MR. COTTON said this might be the case with regard to Rossland on account of the increased output, altogether apart from the effect which this bill will have. As the hour was getting on, he would move the adjournment of the debate.

This motion was agreed to on a show of hands.

MR. WILLIAMS explained that what he wanted to be informed yesterday, with respect to the payment of $10,000 on the parliament buildings bond, was merely "why this $10,000 had been paid to the Bank of British Columbia on the bonds."

HON. COL. BAKER moved the second reading of the mineral bill—largely a redraft of the present act, as reported from the mining committee. Read a second time.

The Alberni water and electric company's bill was read a third time and passed.

The house again went into committee on the Rossland waterworks bill, Mr. Kennedy in the chair. Reported complete with amendments.

The house adjourned at 5:55 p.m.

NOTICES OF MOTION.

Mr. Forster—For a return showing the total cost of the board of horticulture since its formation; the fees collected and amount paid into the treasury; the travelling expenses of each individual; the number of meetings held and attendance at each.

Hon. Col. Baker—To introduce a bill to amend the "Bureau of mines act."

Hon. Col. Baker—To introduce a bill to amend the "Insane asylums act, 1893."

Mr. Williams—Whereas the value of the salmon catch in British Columbia now exceeds $3,000,000 annually; and whereas it is generally conceded that the improvement in the run on the Fraser river has been largely due to the hatchery; and whereas a sum of over $23,000 is annually collected for fishing licenses, while the cost of building and operating hatcheries is comparatively trifling; and whereas there has been a failure in the run of salmon on the Skeena for three years in succession; and whereas the immediate establishment of numerous hatcheries in the province is a matter of first importance: Therefore be it resolved, That a respectful address be presented to His Honor the Lieut.-Governor praying that he will cause urgent representations to be made to the Dominion government of the importance of establishing additional fish hatcheries in this province.

Mr. Helmcken—To introduce a bill to amend the "Investment and loan societies act."

Mr. Macpherson—For a return showing the amount assessed in each assessor's district for the years 1894, 1895 and 1896 under section 22 of the "Mineral act 1891 amendment act 1893."

TAX ARREARS.

A return presented to the house yesterday shows the amount of arrears of taxes at 31st December, 1895, under the following heads, to be: Wild land, $47,069.47; improved land, $54,253.40; personal property, $50,098.19. There were no arrears for timber areas or leases.

Just spend his Four Quarters for a bottle of Burdock Blood Bitters as all sensible people do; because it cures Dyspepsia, Constipation, Billousness, Sick Headache, Bad Blood, and all Diseases of the Stomach, Liver, Kidneys, Bowels and Blood from a common Pimple to the worst Scrofulous Sore.

THE GREAT

Mortgage Sale

—AT—

The Manchester House

WILL BE CONTINUED

For a short time longer, but the Mortgagees, to effect a speedy clearance of the Stock, have decided to make a Further Reduction in the already Low Prices.

STORE WILL CLOSE ON FRIDAY, MARCH 20, TO RE-MARK STOCK.

RE-OPEN ON SATURDAY MORNING.

J. H. WARK, MANAGER.

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NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION—Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between Frank Greaves Norris and Richard Jackson, of Sidney, Vancouver Island, Hotelkeepers, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. The business of the late firm will be continued by the said Frank Greaves Norris, who assumes all liabilities and to whom all debts due must be paid. Dated this 12th day of March, 1896 (Signed.) Frank Greaves Norris, Richard Jackson. Witness: James J. White. mr16-1m

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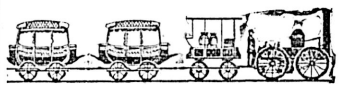

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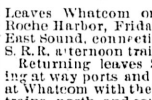

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BRITISH MEDICAL JOURNAL.

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MEETING OF DAIRYMEN

Convention of the British Columbia Association at Chilliwack—An Interesting Gathering.

A Number of Important Papers Contributed and Discussed by the Delegates.

(From the News-Advertiser.)

A meeting was held in the court house, Chilliwack, on Tuesday afternoon, 17th instant, under the auspices of the Dairymen's Association of British Columbia.

The president of the association, Mr. R. Balfour, of Langley, was in the chair. There were also present the secretary-treasurer of the association, Mr. G. Hadwen, of Duncan, and a number of farmers and others interested in dairying.

The secretary read a paper contributed by Mr. A. A. King, manager of the Delta Creamery, on "Co-operative Creameries and Winter Dairying." The writer first alluded to the extreme importance to farmers of winter dairying. He enumerated some of the special inducements it offers, viz.: better prices for milk, calves and pigs; better distribution of labor; help can be engaged by the year instead of for the season only, and less food wasted in maintaining stock. These several points he dealt with separately in detail. In connection with co-operative creameries he set forth their advantages and gave much information respecting their organization and successful operation. The full text of the paper will be published later.

Mr. A. C. Wells expressed approval of the paper, which he considered a very valuable one. Cows properly fed during the winter will then give as much butter as when at other seasons they have plenty of grass. There is too much neglect in winter feeding of cattle in this country. His experience was that those who fed their cows well in winter were most successful in dairying. He thought this a matter deserving the attention of those in the district keeping dairy cows. He had much pleasure in moving a hearty vote of thanks to Mr. King for his paper.

After the motion had been carried, Mr. Richards, of Tacoma, Wash., who was visiting the district, continued the discussion, urging the benefits to be derived from the establishment of co-operative creameries, and giving some useful information, as the experience of dairymen in California and Washington. In reply to a question he expressed the opinion that Turbine machines work well if in competent hands, but he would not recommend them under other circumstances.

Mr. J. W. McGillivray, of Sumas, read a paper on the "Breeding and management of the dairy herd." He characterized his subject as of most vital importance in the dairying business. He did not advocate keeping any special breed of dairy cattle, but urged close attention to and care of the cattle, whatever breed be kept. A pure bred sire is indispensable. Then careful testing of the butter value of each cow was recommended, and the weeding out of all unprofitable milkers advised. The importance of increasing the total yield of milk without adding to the number of the herd was emphasised. The milking of cows for the greater part of the year, the early training of heifers to milk a long time, the care of feeding calves, the necessity for the provision of warm stables for winter, the treatment of cattle when in the stables, and the removal of manure to ensure cleanliness and to prevent the tainting of milk, were all dealt with. The necessity for knowing the nature and objects of the food, methods of feeding, and the importance of observation and discretion in the feeder, was also dwelt upon.

A discussion followed in which the chairman and Messrs. Wells, Richards, Bailey, I. Kipp, Hadwen, McGillivray and several others took part. Among the matters mentioned were the relative merits of corn and clover for dairy feeding and the suitability of different soils for their cultivation. The chairman had not succeeded in his efforts to grow corn at Langley, while Mr. Wells had grown excellent crops of it at Chilliwack during several years. Mr. Kipp, too, had found it thrive on sod lands. There seemed to be an agreement that clover is a more satisfactory crop, generally giving a more abundant yield, whilst it flourishes for many years and requires less labor to cultivate it. One speaker advocated growing alsike clover, which he had found do very well.

Mr. Alex. Philip next read a paper upon "Agricultural Education." He also contributed some notes upon the seriousness of the question of feeding hogs upon fish or skunk cabbage, pork dealers having stated that they cannot purchase pigs so fed.

The meeting here adjourned until the evening.

EVENING MEETING.

Upon resuming several speakers agreed that feeding salmon to hogs utterly spoiled the pork for market, but there was a very general opinion that, if not killed directly after feeding on skunk cabbage, pork was not always materially affected by this latter food. It was averred that buyers themselves were not blamed in this direction, since they too often bought from anyone and everyone, instead of restricting their purchases to farmers who could be depended upon not to mislead them. Mr. Bailey supported the suggestion that more education upon agriculture should be given in the schools. Public opinion respecting agriculture had got to a very low ebb. It required educating to a higher standard, so that people should realize that intelligence and information are required to ensure success in this very desirable and necessary pursuit.

Mr. Hadwen thought that the agricultural societies of the province are on a wrong footing. Their main object appears to be to hold yearly shows, in connection with which some pay 50 cents on the dollar, and some do not. He happened to be connected with one of those that paid in full. But he thought the system a wrong one. The show should be only a secondary consideration. The first aim of these societies should be to deal with questions more closely relating to the advancement of agriculture. He did not approve of the multiplication of such societies, whereby localities only a short distance apart each had its own show. As a consequence the government grant to individual societies was diminished and sometime liabilities were incurred only to afterwards find the amount of the government grant much smaller than had been looked for. He thought, too, they might show a more active interest in the Central Farmer's Institute, which holds its annual meeting at Agassiz. The first year the meetings were chiefly taken up with the question of dyking the Fraser river, which although of deep concern to those interested in the Fraser valley, was not of such moment to outside members. Still some practical work was done in this connection by the meetings. The following year the gathering was more like a kind of picnic, at which politicians and others aired their views. Certainly some useful papers were read and a lot of valuable information was elicited during the meetings, yet too much prominence was given to other matters. He hoped that at this year's meetings of the Central Institute the agricultural interests would be their first consideration, so that as a result they would be in a position to make such recommendations to the government as shall appear desirable for its assistance and advancement. Referring to agricultural education, he asked whether agriculture is taught in the public schools of Ontario. He had heard that it was.

Mr. Bailey thought the local agricultural society might do far more good if it held frequent meetings for the discussion of agricultural topics. Such a course would foster agricultural progress and promote the welfare of the country.

The chairman said the last two speakers had touched the very key-note of the situation. Agricultural societies should be conducted altogether differently to what most of them now are—upon some such lines as those just indicated. The dairying interest would also be advanced were local branches of the provincial association formed. The expense of travelling to different parts of the province prevented the provincial association from holding many meetings, but local associations could meet at least quarterly. Papers could be read and discussed, and these together with a summary of the discussion could be forwarded to the general secretary. A quarterly or half-yearly report of the meetings of both provincial and local associations might then be printed, together with the best of the papers. They might ask the Dominion government through the Dominion Dairy Comsioner to print these reports and issue them as a special B. C. Dairy Bulletin. Their secretary could edit the matter, so that it need involve the department in no labor—but simply mean the cost of printing. He thought this province could fairly claim the assistance of the Dominion government to this extent. Other provinces are in receipt of far more substantial aid, but except indirectly through the help given by the Dominion government to agriculture, the dairy interest had received no assistance—certainly not directly, excepting last year's visit of the travelling dairy. He again urged the organization of local associations as the only practical way in which they could obtain the benefit of frequent discussion of the many questions closely affecting their dairying interests.

Mr. Wells, though he would like to see a branch organized for the practical work suggested, had little confidence in local people taking hold of the proposition. They are pretty well overrun with organizations just now. He did not know why, but their local Farmers' Institute did not hold meetings. He was sorry to say that their farmers appeared careless in matters of this kind.

Mr. Bailey urged the necessity existing for united effort. He hoped they would yet establish an organization, the members of which would meet and discuss everything they were interested in—from the growing of small fruits to the raising of live stock. They should, too, watch the markets of the world and produce along the line of regulating the supply to the demand.

Mr. Hadwen here spoke upon the proposed Provincial government assistance to creameries. He moved: "That the Provincial government be petitioned by this society to adopt the recommendations presented by the committee appointed to consider the question of assistance to creameries and that as soon as can be found convenient." Mr. Wells seconded the motion, which was carried.

Mr. Philip urged the farmers to support the proposition now before them for the establishment of a local co-operative creamery. There is not another district in the Fraser valley better able to support a local creamery than Chilliwack.

Votes of thanks to Mr. Richards for giving the meeting so much information and to the chairman and secretary for attending, concluded the proceedings.

Word comes from all quarters that the neatest and most satisfactory dye for coloring the beard a brown or Black is Buckingham's Dye for the Whiskers.

FASHIONABLE BODICES.

Made Over Well Fitted Linings—How to Put Them Together.

Every bodice, whether it is draped, gathered, plaited, stretched or otherwise varied from the plain pattern, must be made over a closely fitted lining, the number of pieces in which may be eight, seven, six or even five. The ordinary close bodice consists of eight pieces—two fronts, two under arm pieces, two side pieces and the two halves of the back. The back may be cut in one without a middle seam, reducing thereby the number to seven. Again, the under arm piece and the side pieces may be cut in one, which, with a divided back, makes six pieces, or, with a whole one, makes five. Extremely stout figures are sometimes

EVENING GOWN.

fitted by a ten piece bodice, the material usually consumed by the under arm and side pieces being divided into three instead of into two. This makes the figure less clumsy. The five and six piece bodices are only suitable for slender figures, and the whole back is also to be avoided by women inclined to embonpoint, as it increases the apparent width of the body. Strictly speaking, neither a very stout nor a very thin figure should ever be clothed in snugly fitting garments. Loose draperies draw a kindly veil over both redundancy and meagerness of form and leave the face to speak for itself, and, quite apart from the sense of the old adage, "Handsome is as handsome does," plain features may be rendered more attractive than beautiful ones if they express the cultivation, cleverness and sweetness that beautiful ones often lack. The most conventionally beautiful of one's acquaintances are seldom the most attractive or the most admired.

The illustration shows an evening gown of cream peau de soie with green and rose stripes. The skirt has a slight train and is perfectly plain. The bodice, which is cut very low, is of accordion plaited green mousseline de soie, edged at the top by a band of lace insertion. Bretelles of gold galloon pass over the top of the shoulder and hold the bodice in place. The sleeves, consisting of puffs of green mousseline, are mounted so that the top leaves the entire upper part of the arm uncovered. Four bands of jet cabochons are carried across the chest and shoulders, passing over the top of the arms. The collarette is of pink mousseline de soie. JUDIC CHOLLET.

VARIOUS NOTES.

Spring Coats and Capes—The Fashion In Lambrequins.

Jackets will be much worn this spring, but without very long basques.

Capes for young girls are of gray or mastic cloth and are short and not much ornamented.

In France it is the custom to give the nurse a present when the baby cuts its first tooth.

Mantel lambrequins are of various kinds, but are chiefly draped or straight now, the fashion of cutting them into irregular shapes having fallen into deserved disrepute.

Parisian women do not consider it in good taste to have the address engraved

DINNER GOWN.

with the name on their visiting cards. If it is necessary to give the address, it is written on the card by hand.

Bark and caracul crepons are still worn, and there is an immense variety of new weaves in stripes, zigzags and figures. Crepon has had and still has a remarkable vogue, and its popularity shows no signs as yet of diminishing.

Spring promises to be a flowery season in the fashionable as well as the natural world. Blossoms will enter largely into millinery and will continue to form the trimming of many evening gowns. Natural flowers will also be much worn on the bodice. Many women choose some particular kind of flower and always wear it. Pink roses are now enjoying a wide popularity.

Persons who are always seeking a novelty will be pleased with a recent idea for balls, which is to give notice in the invitations that a certain color is to prevail. The guests are of course expected to dress accordingly. The rooms are decorated with the stipulated tint, and the scheme of color is carried through the whole entertainment. At a white ball lately given the decorations were of scarlet and white, which prevented any chilliness of effect.

The cut illustrates a dinner gown of silver gray satin with rose figures. The godet skirt is adorned by a band of gold and black passementerie on either side of the tablier, the bands terminating in jet and gold pendants. The stretched bodice has a square decolletage framed in a bertha or collar of wide passementerie like that on the skirt. The elbow sleeves consist of a double balloon puff.

JUDIC CHOLLET.

Scrambled Eggs

Take a small quantity of Cottolene and a little cream; warm in a frying pan. Break 6 eggs in it and stir until slightly cooked. Serve hot.

Use not more than two-thirds as much Cottolene as you would butter and be sure that you do not overheat it before dropping in the eggs. This is always essential in cooking with Cottolene.

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What are you wearing On your feet this weather?

There is style in footwear as there is in hats. Each year the Granby Rubbers and Overshoes are modelled to fit all the fashionable shapes of boots. They are thin so as to prevent clumsy appearance and feeling and to make them so necessitates the use of the finest quality of rubber. While Granby Rubbers and Overshoes are up to date in Style, Fit and Finish, they retain their old enduring quality.

Granby Rubbers wear like Iron.

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Summer Fashions Next—Tea Gowns Change Their Name, but Still Remain.

The new shirt waists of figured or striped cambric and percale have plain white or solid colored collars and cuffs.

Velvet is exceedingly popular for skirts to wear with different bodices. Dark velvet is preferred, especially black, as a black skirt with a bright corsage is one of the most effective and becoming combinations. Colors, particularly rich shades, are also worn. Velveteen makes an extremely serviceable skirt for ordinary use. The wearer of a velvet or velveteen skirt should always bear in mind, however, that a cane seated or bamboo chair means destruction to her gown.

Plush is coming to the fore again, and it is predicted that by next winter it will be as fashionable as it was seven or eight years ago. It has been relegated so long to the domain of upholstery that the idea of wearing it is as little attractive as that of wearing leopard skin coats, which strongly suggest hearth rugs.

This is the dead season of the year, as far as fashions are concerned. There will be nothing new to chronicle for several weeks, this time being spent by dressmak-

VELVET CAPE.

ers in the devising of warm weather fashions, which will suddenly burst upon the waiting world with a blaze of glory. While waiting for the secrets of the designer to be revealed women can wear out their winter clothes, so as to be able to discard them with a clear conscience when the time comes.

Tea gowns are seldom heard of now, but the thing, if not the name, remains, as being too comfortable and necessary to be lightly abandoned. Velvet is employed for these loose gowns as for everything else and is adorned with lace and silk.

A sketch is given of an evening cape in lizard green velvet, lined with cherry satin. It has a sort of double pelerine, composed of two rippled collars of taffeta, matching the velvet in color. These are bordered with a ruching of black tulle. The cape is worn over a gown of ivory satin, the bodice of which is covered by a drapery of chains of crystal and jet beads.

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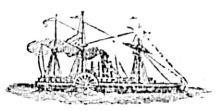

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Passengers for Kettle River and Boundary Creek connect at Marcus with stage on Mondays, Wednesdays, Thursdays and Fridays.

For TRAIL CREEK MINES, connect at Northport with stage daily.

For Nakusp and Revelstoke connect at Northport with boat on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. ja1

NOTICE is hereby given that default having been made in payment of an assessment levied by the Phillips Arm Quartz Mining Company upon the interest of Mr J. P. Lawson therein, the interest of the said J. P. Lawson or so much thereof as will satisfy the said assessment as well as the costs and charges occasioned by such default, will be sold by public auction by Mr. W. H. Hooper, at his rooms, Granville street, Vancouver, B.C., on Monday, the 23rd day of March, 1896, at 2:30 o'clock p.m.

[Signed.] H. RHODES, Manager of the Phillips Arm Quartz Mining Company.

ja5-td

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To take effect at 8 a.m. on Monday, October 28, 1895. Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

GOING NORTH.

	Daily	Sat'dy
	A.M.	P.M.
Lv. Victoria for Nanaimo and Wellington	8:00	3:20
Ar. Nanaimo	11:40	6:38
Ar. Wellington	12:00	6:55

GOING SOUTH.

	Daily	Sat'dy
	A.M.	P.M.
Lv. Wellington for Victoria	8:20	3:30
Lv. Nanaimo for Victoria	8:40	3:45
Ar. Victoria	12:20	7:00

For rates and information apply at Company's offices.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.

H. K. PRIOR, General Freight and Passenger Agent.

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C. P. Navigation Co., Ld.

TIME TABLE No. 27.

Takes effect June 21st, 1895.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver—Daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock.

Vancouver to Victoria—Daily, except Monday, at 13:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

LEAVE VICTORIA for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island—Sunday at 23 o'clock; Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 o'clock. Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.

For Plumper Pass—Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 o'clock.

For Moresby and Pender Islands—Friday at 7 o'clock

LEAVE NEW WESTMINSTER for Victoria—Monday at 13:15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass—Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands—Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Company will leave for Fort Simpson and intermediate ports, via Vancouver, the 1st and 15th of each month at 8 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer, will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound Ports the 10th, 20th and 30th of each month.

The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notification.

JOHN IRVING, Manager

G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.

Victoria, January 1st.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE THERMOMETER.

ESQUIMALT STATION, March 19, 1896.
Report for 24 hours ending 8 p.m.

1 a.m..	48·	Mean 50·	The velocity and direction of the wind were as follows:
5 a.m..	46·		
9 a.m..	49·	Highest 59·	5 a.m.—Calm.
1 p.m..	54·		1 p.m.—Calm.
5 p.m..	55·	Lowest 45·	9 p.m.—12 S. W.
9 p.m..	51·		Rain—.03.

Average state of weather—Cloudy.
Sunshine—8 hrs. 18 min..
Barometer 9 a.m... {Observed .....29.880 {Reduced 29.852

E. BAYNES REED, Observer.

A Rontgen Ray

Is not needed to show the superiority of the P.P.P.P. over all competitors in Purity of Drugs, Fair Prices and Accurately Dispensed Prescriptions.

C. E. JONES, CHEMIST,
Near New Post Office, Government St.

CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer SEHOME from the Sound—Williams & Co, W & J Wilson, D Spencer, Henry Young & Co, Barry C R, J H Todd & Son, A B Erskine, Gilmore & McCandless, Carmichael & Co, Archer Martin, J A Wright, P T Patten, Mrs Chapman, Weiler Bros, Lenz & Leiser, Hutcheson & Co, Ross & Co, Jones & Co, Hudson's Bay Co, M Cohen, C P & Co, B & K Mill'g Co, Wilson Bros, J W Mellor, Turner B & Co, Thos J Roberts, J W Webb, B C Mills T & J Co, E J Saunders & Co, D Barnado, Thos Earle, Hickman & Tye Co, Brown & Co and W G Cameron.

Per steamer ROSALIE from the Sound—John Wilson, J K Devlin, Colonist P & P Co, Onions & P, T P McConnell and J H Todd & Son.

Per steamer CHARMER from Vancouver—Albion Iron Works, E Wall & Co, W & J Wilson, Shore & Anderson, W Wilson, G A Richardson, D Spencer, J Partridge, G R Jackson, Hudson's Bay Co, Turner B & Co, Mrs Douglas Fraser, J H Baker, Spratt & Gray, J Johnston, T Carne, Wm Wilby, Weiler Bros, Louis Duval, Colonist Pub Co, J Hutcheson, T N Hibben, Lowenberg & Co, J Maynard, Johns Bros, Vic Elec Co, Small & Piddock, Consolidated Glass Co, Nicholles & R, E G Prior & Co, T R Stewart, Thos Earle, West Coast Packing Co, W J Dwyer, D R Pottinger, Braden Bros, Wm Powell, Geo Powell, Wm Mable, P McQuade and Dom Exp Co.

DIED.

MILLER—At No. 46 Rae street, Victoria, on the 18th inst., Ann Miller, a native of County Donegal, Ireland, aged 73 years.

The funeral will take place on Monday, March 23, at 2 p.m., from the residence as above, and at Christ Church Cathedral a few minutes later. Friends are invited to attend.

PERSONAL.

Rev. J. E. Gardner is over from the Mainland.

Mrs. A. Glover left yesterday morning on a visit to Seattle.

Maynard H. Cowan arrived from Vancouver last evening.

Mrs. H. D. Townsend leaves for Alaska on the Topeka to-day to join her husband.

J. A. Russel, who is a member of the firm of Russel & Co., Glasgow, is a guest at the Driard.

R. H. Hall, of the Hudson's Bay Co., was a passenger home from Seattle by the Rosalie yesterday.

W. H. Jones, late editor and manager of the Inland Sentinel, of Kamloops, is paying the Capital a visit.

Wm. E. Devereux, C.E., has just returned to the city with some splendid specimens of free milling ore.

F. V. Moffat, Tacoma; and J. Beer, New Westminster, are among those who registered at the Oriental yesterday.

Magistrate Macrae returned yesterday from a visit to Puget Sound. So also did Sergt. John M. Langley, of the provincial police.

R. H. Alexander, D. W. Gillies, J. J. Woods, and F. C. Gamble were among the passengers to Victoria from the Mainland by last evening's Charmer.

Miss Laura Eickhoff, who has during the past five months been visiting with her sister, Mrs. G. M. Leishman, left for her home in the East on Wednesday morning.

Jos. Mayer, a Seattle jeweller; A. Gregory, Vancouver; W. T. Andrews, captain of the ship Glenalvon; C. Hadwen, Duncan; and H. J. Carman, Tacoma, are at the New England.

A. S. Kohlund, a former newspaper man of this city and now general agent for Walter L. Main's great circus, is a guest at the Dominion. His show is expected to delight the hearts of Victorians early in July.

Chas. Landon, Montreal; S. Wilkonski, San Francisco; John Hendry and R. C. Alexander, Vancouver; G. H. Lees, Toronto; Mrs. Ladner and boy, Ladner's; E. P. Daniels, Q.C., H. Pim and James Reed, Vancouver, are guests at the Driard.

J. F. Knapp, of the San Francisco Call, has returned to the city from a business trip to the Sound. He is here for the purpose of working up an interest in his paper and hopes to have the same success that he has met with in all the cities of the Sound.

Algernon S. Aspland, formerly of this city, who made his debut as an operatic singer here in "Il Trovatore," has accepted an engagement with one of the leading opera companies of the East, San Francisco thereby losing one of its most popular church tenors. Victorians will wish Mr. Aspland every success in his new calling.

LAST evening the annual meeting of the Garrison Artillery Rifle Association was held at the drill hall, Major Williams presiding. Officers were re-elected as follows: President, Lieut.-Col. Prior, M. P.; vice president, Major Williams; secretary-treasurer, Bombardier H. G. Ross. The executive were requested to prepare a match programme for the season. The annual membership fee for civilians, hitherto $5, was reduced to $2.

SHIPPING MATTERS.

Alaska-Bound Passengers and Freight—Cargo for the Orient—A Lost Charter—The "Monterey."

During a recent run down Gastineaux channel, while in Alaskan waters, the life saving crew of the Wolcott had an opportunity to test their efficiency. Capt. Phillips was on the deck aft and was wishing for a chance to test his men's agility, when a middy's hat blew overboard, the cutter at the time being at full speed. "Man overboard!" cried the captain, and like a flash the crew then on watch were at the davits, the boat was unlashed, swung out, and in twenty seconds the skiff had left the ship's side. The hat was recovered and upon reaching the ship the fall was quickly made fast, the skiff was hoisted away, and rescuers and rescued were again on deck in just four minutes from the time they left.—Alaska News.

The steamer Willapa sailed from Seattle for Alaska on Wednesday evening, and up to the last moment was obliged to refuse freight. All available space was covered with merchandise, except space left for twenty-nine head of cattle, forty tons of freight and a lot of hogs to be taken on at Tacoma. Fourteen horses were taken from Seattle and the cargo was made up of the usual heterogeneous collection of staples taken to the North. The Willapa's passenger list from Seattle was light, only thirteen first class and three steerage going from there. More will be taken on at Tacoma.

The cargo to be shipped to China and Japan by the Northern Pacific steamship Victoria, which sails on Saturday, will be of 2,300 tons. Included will be 260,000 feet of lumber from the Tacoma and the St. Paul & Tacoma mills; 1,150 tons of flour, 950 bales of cotton, 1,100 bales of drills, six hogsheads of tobacco, 665 cases of condensed milk, 50 tons of machinery and a large amount of general freight.

Among the passengers who left for Alaska yesterday were the members of Mr. Max Endelman's new vaudeville company of fifteen people for the Juneau opera house. There was also the usual big crowd of miners, new and old, all of whom have high hopes of winning wealth in the unexplored treasure beds of the far north.

The British ship Don, 1,115 tons, Capt. Sinclair, chartered to load flour at the Puget Sound flouring mills, Tacoma, for the United Kingdom, has lost her charter by failing to arrive within the time specified. She is now 73 days out from Carrizal, on the west coast of South America and has not been spoken nor reported.

"The report in circulation that the Mexico will make a couple of trips to Cook's inlet is utterly false," says the Alaska News. "The A. C. company will run the steamer Bertha from Sitka to Prince William sound, connecting at the former place with the P. C. S. Co.'s boats."

If present arrangements are not changed the U.S. warship Monterey will remain in Esquimalt until to-morrow. Before leaving she will coal at Esquimalt.

The British barkentine Xantippe, about whose safety fears are being entertained, is 133 days out from San Jose de Guatemala,

The Norwegian ship Prince Albert has finished loading and will leave this week for England with a cargo valued at $13,790.

Tug Lorne, Capt. Brown, left for Nanaimo last evening to tow out the coal laden ship Glory of the Seas.

The Chilian ship Lake Leman is ready for sea. She has a lumber cargo valued at $6,064.

The Staffa, of Vancouver, got in yesterday with a load of Mainland produce.

Tug Hope left for Tacoma yesterday with cedar lumber.

ENTERED.

Str Charmer.....from Vancouver.
" Schome..... " Port Townsend.
" Rosalie..... " " "
" Hope..... " Blaine.
" Staffa..... " Vancouver.

CLEARED.

Str. Charmer..... for Vancouver.
" Schome..... " Port Townsend.
" Rosalie..... " " "
" Hope..... " Tacoma.
" Staffa..... " Fraser River.

CUBAN PRESS SHACKLED.

Weyler's Restrictions—Details of a Hot Battle—Spaniards Victorious After two Hours' Fighting.

HAVANA, March 18.—The governor of Havana has prohibited the editors of newspapers from expressing dissatisfaction with the government.

Further details of the fight near Candelaria in Pinar del Rio are that Col. Fernandez in command of the government troops was ordered to march to Candelaria. The march was made in a heavy rain. The insurgents, to the number of 4,000, were awaiting the advance of the troops on a farm. As they came up at a rapid gallop the insurgents opened fire along an extensive line, which had been disposed behind the bushes along the road. This proved a galling and destructive fire, and the battalion of La Rifa, in the vanguard, with a section of the cavalry squadron of Victoria and the artillery, found themselves speedily engaged. Firing then opened on both sides, and the insurgents ran. The columns in the rear coming into action, the whole line of troops was involved, giving opportunity for the battalion of Luchena cavalry, with light artillery, to enter engagement. The artillery threw grape shot over the insurgents, who advanced machete in hand. The movement of the insurgents was thus held in check, but, new forces coming to their aid, they fell upon the Spanish columns in a fierce attack. This attack was also checked, giving the victory to the Spanish troops after two hours of fighting, with a bayonet charge, assisted by a concentrated artillery fire, which dislodged the insurgents.

AT THE OAK BAY LINKS.

The Spring Meeting of the Victoria Golf Club Promises Exceedingly Good Sport—Entries From Victoria and Tacoma.

For the convenience of those attending the annual spring meeting of the Victoria Golf Club on their links at Oak Bay to-day and to-morrow, the tramway company will provide a ten minute car service, commencing at noon each day and continuing until 8 o'clock in the evenings. The tournament promises to be a splendid attraction. Outside interest has manifested itself to a pleasing extent and many visitors as a result have engaged for the various events. For these the entries are as follows:

FRIDAY, LADIES' DAY.

Open event of 18 holes—Mrs. Combe, Mrs. Rawstorne, Mrs. W. A. Ward and Miss Ward.

Open handicap of 12 holes finishing at the Corrall hole—Mrs. Combe, Mrs. Rawstorne, Mrs. W. A. Ward, Miss Ward, Miss Harvey, Miss Emma Loewen, Miss Eva Loewen, Miss Dunsmuir, Mrs. Snowden, Miss Beaven, Mrs. Martin, Mrs. Burton, Miss M. Dunsmuir, Miss Crease, Miss Pemberton, Mrs. Marquis, Miss S. Pemberton and Miss Powell of the V. G. C.; Mrs. J. W. Anderson, Mrs. Baillie, Mrs. Stuart Rice and Mrs. Chester Thorne, of the Tacoma Golf Club.

The one round will apply to those members entering for the two events. A scorer must accompany each set of players, who will kindly write their gross score on the board placed in the club house for that purpose; and the handicaps will be made known the following day when the winners are declared.

SATURDAY—GENTLEMEN'S EVENTS.

Open event—W. F. Maitland-Dougal, W. E. Oliver, H. Combe, C. C. Worsfold, A. P. Luxton, W. A. Ward, O. H. Van Millingen, D. M. Irvine, R. W. Dunsmuir, and R. G. Poole.

A class hanidcap—W. F. Maitland-Dougal, W. E. Oliver, H. Combe, C. C. Worsfold, O. Van Millingen, A. P. Luxton, C. J. Prior, C. B. Stahlschmidt, R. G. Poole, R. W. Dunsmuir, W. A. Ward, D. M. Irvine, J. Carmichael and C. S. Milliken (Tacoma).

B class—S. F. Morley, G. Moggridge, R.N., Jas. Anderson, W. H. Langley, Dr. Bell, R.M.A., G. S. Holt, Lieut. G. Davey, R.N., W. F. Burton, N. P. Snowden, B. H. T. Drake, A. W. Jones, Hon. C. E. Pooley, Q.C., Archer Martin, F. B. Ward, Comdr. Nicholson, A. G. Langley, A. Robertson, R. Cassidy, Geo. Johnston and H. F. Mytton, V. G. C.; Jas. Gillison, G. W. White, H. S. Griggs, G. L. Munn, L. B. Lockwood, Chester Thorne, E. Ellis, Thos. Kerr, S. Rice, A. Buell, A. Baillie, J. W. Anderson and G. S. Brown (Tacoma club).

It is earnestly requested that those members who are able will play off their rounds in the morning.

COMMANDANT BOOTH'S FAREWELL.

An Interesting Address in the First Presbyterian Church—Army Work and Peculiarities.

A large audience crowded the First Presbyterian church last night and listened attentively to the farewell address of Commandant Booth. The soldiers and officers of the city corps were prettily dressed in sailor uniforms for the occasion. Major Friedrichs introduced the Commandant, who complimented the officers and comrades of the British Columbian corps upon the services they have rendered.

"I have looked to them for support," he said, "and I have not looked in vain, while in more substantial help, in the way of dollars, Victoria takes first place from the Pacific to the Atlantic for the generous way in which it has contributed to the cause. It is with regret that I say good-bye," and the Commandant pulled a large-sized handkerchief from his pocket.

"See, I have brought a handkerchief in which to shed my tears, as I say farewell. You have done bravely, and I hope you will continue to do so under the next commandant as well as you have under me.

"The Salvation Army are toilers," continued the commandant. "If you want a self-loving existence, don't join the Salvation Army, for all the people in the Salvationist hive are toilers. Let me tell you a story. A young Englishman who, as the Americans would say, took somewhat of the style of a dude, was paying his first visit to New York. And as he came off the gangway he met a long, slim, needle-nosed Yankee. 'Have you no aristocracy here,' asked the Englishman? 'What are they,' said the Yank? 'People who don't work,' the visitor replied. 'Oh, people as don't work—why, we call them loafers.'

"So do we," the Commandant said. "Anybody who does not believe in our work, say amen."

Then an over-zealous soldier chimed in with the amen.

"I thought so," said the Commandant, "I thought there was one that did not."

Continuing he said: "The Salvation Army is not English simply because it began there. Many people have the erroneous idea that it is; but let me deny that. I must say, though, that I have a little sympathy for John Bull; much of his wealth has been donated to us, and many of his smart men are laboring in the cause of the army.

"Some people say we are peculiar, but the plain costume of our soldiers is not as peculiar as the costume of fashionable people of the present day. When people go for our bonnets we go for their sleeves. When I was young I learned a rhyme which of late I have rendered this way:

Ride a cock horse to Banbury Cross
To see a rich lady on her high horse,
Rings on her fingers, paint on her nose.
She makes music wherever she goes.

"If you look at the Salvation Army's uniform you will soon see that it is not so very peculiar."

As the Commandant sat down the audience applauded enthusiastically. The chairman, Major Friedrichs, then thanked Dr. Campbell for having placed the church at their disposal.

Miss Babbington, of Nanaimo, sang a solo, and after a few words had been said by General Secretary Holland, of Toronto, a prayer was offered by the Commandant and the meeting dispersed. Many waited to shake hands with the Commandant before he left.

After the meeting the Cammandant and General Secretary Holland visited the Chinese mission and addressed a large crowd of Chinamen. The address was interpreted by Rev. Mr. Gardner.

Commandant Booth is making a farewell tour of Canada before departing for England. As to the rupture in New York the commandant said last evening that he deplored his brother's action but did not think that it would make any material difference to the army.

W. H. Ward.

Almost a Hopeless Case.

A Terrible Cough. No Rest Night nor Day. Given up by Doctors.

A LIFE SAVED

BY TAKING

AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL

"Several years ago, I caught a severe cold, attended with a terrible cough that allowed me no rest, either day or night. The doctors, after working over me to the best of their ability, pronounced my case hopeless, and said they could do no more for me. A friend, learning of my trouble, sent me a bottle of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, which I began to take, and very soon I was greatly relieved. By the time I had used the whole bottle, I was completely cured. I have never had much of a cough since that time, and I firmly believe that Ayer's Cherry Pectoral saved my life."—W. H. WARD, 8 Quimby Ave., Lowell, Mass.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

HIGHEST AWARDS AT WORLD'S FAIR.

Ayer's Pills the Best Family Physic.

A PURSE, which was picked up in one of the street cars yesterday, has been returned to this office.

MR. Samuel Creech has been succeeded as government agent at Comox by Mr. Walter B. Anderson, who will also act as assistant commissioner of lands and works, registrar of births, deaths and marriages, and registrar under the "Marriage act."

Truly astonishing.—Miss Annette N. Moen, Fountain, Minn., says: "Ayer's Cherry Pectoral has had a wonderful effect in curing my brother's children of a severe and dangerous cold. It was truly astonishing how speedily they found relief after taking this preparation."

If sick headache is misery, what are Carter's Little Liver Pills if they will positively cure it? People who have used them speak frankly of their worth. They are small and easy to take.

Buckingham's Newest London Neckwear Just to hand at George R. Jackson's

See the New Culrosse.

PASSENGERS.

Per steamer SEHOME from the Sound—J A Watt, W Vansyckle, Mrs Duvere, Mrs A P Freimuth, J Mahr and wife, Mrs Bradley, Mrs Bachelor, D F Green, A S Kohland, Mrs Raper and F V Moffatt.

Per steamer ROSALIE from the Sound—Wm Russell, T A Cuthbert, O Dawson, L Lawson, E Hayes, J M Langley, F Macrae and R H Hall.

Per steamer CHARMER from Vancouver—H Key, Wm Gould, Tim Fahey, A Gregory, J Beer, G Hadwin, F C Gamble, J W Russell, Wm Henderson, R Eckhart, W G McKenzie, C Brasl., Jno Hendry, D W Gillies, J J Woods, R H Alexander, Capt Thompson, H J Carman, M Cowan, W F Andrews, Rev J E Gardner, Mrs Mowatt, Miss Mowatt, Capt Babbinglen, S A; Lieut Quint, Ensign Fitzgerald, Adjutant Wm Patterson, Capt Cowan, Cadet Hogan, Commandant Booth, Col Holland, Major Tutrich, Lieut Zeibarths, Lieut Muler, Capt Shawworthy, Capt Sheard, Adjutant McDonald and J M Squires.

Five O'Clock Tea Kettles

In Wrought Iron and Copper and Wrought Iron and Brass for the table, Also a few on high stands for the floor

NEW GOODS AT WEILER BROS.'

We offer the Chafing Dish with the utmost confidence that to the user it will prove the most satisfactory and economical of cooking utensils. All you who appreciate fine culinary effects will find our CHAFING DISH A NECESSITY. Many times a hostess is unexpectedly required to set forth a meal, when a dish served hot is particularly desirable. Then, many persons require a late luncheon just before retiring, or upon their return after an evening out. In fact our Chafing Dish is indispensable.

COME AND SEE THESE GOODS.

The Chafing Dish.

Notice to the Public

Owing to the increase in our business we have found our present premises too small and have leased the centrally located and commodious stables formerly occupied by Mr. W. G. Bowman, on Broad and View streets, and intend to run them in connection with our present business as a first-class Livery and Boarding Stables. The premises have been thoroughly overhauled and renovated and will be started with new buggies and carriages of the most modern make, a select lot of fine driving and riding horses, which can be hired on very moderate terms. Boarding horses will be taken by the month or week at greatly reduced rates, and perfect satisfaction guaranteed. We are now in a better position than ever to furnish our customers with anything in our line, such as Livery Turnouts, with or without drivers, Hacks, 2, 4 or 6-horse Omnibuses, Express Wagons, Furniture Trucks, Carts, etc., etc. Contracts for hauling of all kinds can be made, and special rates secured by calling at our Head Office, 23 and 25 Broughton Street.

Victoria Transfer Co. Ltd.

A. HENDERSON, Supt.

VICTOR AUSTIN announces that he will give a grand sacred concert in Institute hall on Thursday evening, March 26, for the benefit of St. Andrew's R. C. cathedral, when he will be assisted by Miss Agnes Dawson (piano), Mr. Leo. Bradley (cello), Miss A. Dolan (soprano) and last, but not least, by Dr. Meadows, the celebrated baritone, who has just arrived on the Empress of India and who achieved great success in England in connection with the celebrated violinist, Johannes Wolff. Dr. Meadows will introduce to his Victoria audience Mr. Austin's celebrated offertory the "Ave Maria," which has only just been published in connection with his "In Memoriam." The public will have a chance of judging of the merit which has led to its success. Besides the "Ave Maria" Dr. Meadows will sing "It is Enough" from Mendelssohns' "Elijah."

The Cairo correspondent of the Times supposes that the passing ill-humor expressed there is due to the Dongola expedition having been decided upon in London before consulting the Khedive. "The palace organ El Moaiad," the correspondent continues, "which has been most bitter in attacking England, has published an address exhorting the troops going to the front to do their duty loyally and gloriously."

For self-feeding stoves use Pennsylvania hard; for steady heat and lasting power is unrivalled. x

THE DAILY COLONIST—20 cents per week.

VICTORIA THEATRE

One Night, Saturday, March 21st.

The Twentieth Century Comedians,

MURRAY and MACK

Presenting that Whirlwind of Irish fun,

FINNIGAN'S BALL

The Barnum of all Farce Comedies.

A Bewitching Bevy of Femininity!
Coterie of Clever Comedians!
Contingent of Dazzling Dancers!
Bunch of Jolly Soubrettes!

AND FUN FROM START TO FINISH!

Prices as usual. Seats now on sale at Jamieson's Bookstore. mr19-3t

THE LADIES' AUXILIARY

WILL GIVE A

GRAND CONCERT

FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE JUBILEE HOSPITAL,

Under the patronage of His Honor Lieutenant-Governor and Mrs. Dewdney, in the

INSTITUTE HALL,

—ON—

Tuesday, March 24th, 1896

ADMISSION 50c. mr15-5t-eod

WALTHAM WATCHES FOR $7.00

In solid silver cases, guaranteed for 5 years.

S. A. STODDART,

The New Watchmaker and Jeweller,

68½ YATES STREET,

Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c
New Main Spring, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25.
And guarantees all work for 12 months.
Practical experience of over 25 years. ap4

Secretary McNeill of the bi-metallic league, in conversation with a representative of the Associated Press, after the meeting, said that the bi-metallists were generally satisfied with the debate in the House of Commons yesterday evening, as by its vote the house had unanimously declared that bi-metallism would be a great benefit to Great Britain and that an international agreement was desirable. The gold party he added, had not tried to challenge either of these points and had not ventured to move their amendment when the crucial moment arrived. Mr. McNeill also said that Mr. Balfour's speech had encouraged the bi-metallists by showing the government's desire for an international agreement and that it would go to the utmost lengths which public opinion would justify in order to promote that object.